



32Mb Async. FAST SRAM B-die

Asynchronous FAST SRAM

1.65V ~ 3.6V

- **S6R3216W1B**

Datasheet

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Features

- Fast Access Time : 10ns, 12ns
- Wide range of Power Supply
- 1.65V ~ 3.6V
- TTL Compatible Inputs and Outputs
- Three State Outputs
- Data Byte Control(x16 Mode)
 \overline{LB} : I/O7~ I/O0, \overline{UB} : I/O15~ I/O8
- Standard 48FBGA Package
- ROHS compliant
- Operating in Industrial Temperature range

Performance

| Operation | Symbol | Typical Value | | | Unit |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------|----------|----------|------|
| | | 3.3V | 2.5V | 1.8V | |
| Read Cycle Time | t_{RC} | 10(min.) | 10(min.) | 12(min.) | ns |
| Address Access Time | t_{AA} | 10(min.) | 10(min.) | 12(min.) | ns |
| Write Cycle Time | t_{WC} | 10(min.) | 10(min.) | 12(min.) | ns |
| Standby Current | I_{SB1} | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | mA |
| Operating Current | I_{CC} | 45 | 45 | 43 | mA |

Table of contents

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Features | 2 |
| Performance..... | 2 |
| Table of contents..... | 3 |
| General Description | 4 |
| Asynchronous FAST SRAM Ordering Information | 4 |
| Logic Block Diagram – S6R3216W1B (2M x16) | 5 |
| 48FBGA Package Pin Configuration (Top View) – S6R3216W1B (2M x16)..... | 6 |
| Absolute Maximum Ratings | 6 |
| Recommended DC Operating Conditions | 7 |
| DC and Operating Characteristics | 7 |
| Pin Capacitance..... | 8 |
| Test Conditions | 8 |
| Functional Description (x16 Mode) | 9 |
| Data Retention Characteristics..... | 9 |
| Data Retention Wave Form (CS Controlled) | 9 |
| AC Timing Parameters..... | 10 |
| Read Cycle | 10 |
| Write Cycle..... | 10 |
| Timing Diagrams | 11 |
| Timing Waveform of Read Cycle(1) | 11 |
| Timing Waveform of Read Cycle(2)..... | 11 |
| Timing Waveform of Write Cycle(1)..... | 12 |
| Timing Waveform of Write Cycle(2)..... | 12 |
| Timing Waveform of Write Cycle(3)..... | 13 |
| Timing Waveform of Write Cycle(4) | 13 |
| Package Dimensions..... | 14 |
| 48FBGA | 14 |
| Revision History | 15 |

General Description

The S6R3216W1B is a 33,578,432-bit high-speed Static Random Access Memory organized as 2M words by 16 bits. The S6R3216W1B uses 16 common input and output lines and have an output enable pin which operates faster than address access time at read cycle.

And S6R3216W1B allows that lower and upper byte access by data byte control(\overline{LB} , \overline{UB}). The device is fabricated using advanced CMOS process, 6-TR based cell technology and designed for high-speed circuit technology.

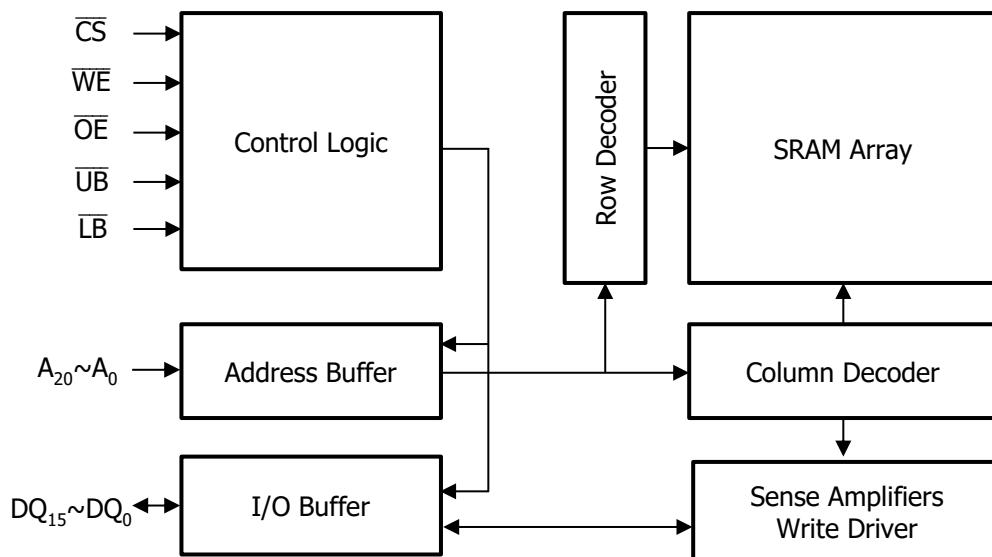
It is particularly well suited for use in high-reliable and high-speed system applications.

The S6R3216W1B is packaged in 48 Ball FBGA.

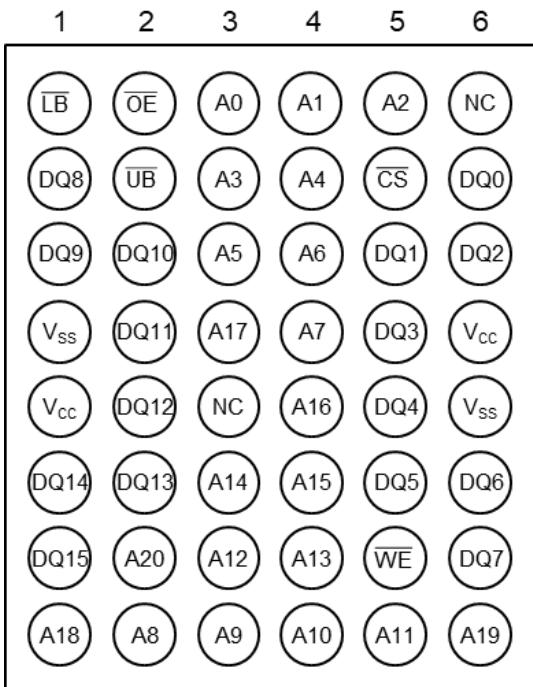
Asynchronous FAST SRAM Ordering Information

| Density | Org. | Part Number | Vcc(V) | Speed (ns) | | Package | Temperature |
|---------|--------|-----------------|--------|------------|-----|---------|------------------------|
| | | | | tAA | tOE | | |
| 32Mb | 2M x16 | S6R3216W1B-XI10 | 3.3 | 10 | 5 | 48FBGA | Industrial Temperature |
| | | | 2.5 | 10 | 5 | | |
| | | | 1.8 | 12 | 6 | | |

Logic Block Diagram – S6R3216W1B (2M x16)



48FBGA Package Pin Configuration (Top View) – S6R3216W1B (2M x16)



Pin Function

| Pin Name | Pin Function |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| A ₂₀ ~A ₀ | Address Inputs |
| WE | Write Enable |
| CS | Chip Select |
| OE | Output Enable |
| LB | Lower-byte Control(DQ ₇ ~ DQ ₀) |
| UB | Upper-byte Control(DQ ₁₅ ~ DQ ₈) |
| DQ ₁₅ ~DQ ₀ | Data Inputs/Outputs |
| VCC | Power |
| VSS | Ground |
| NC | No Connection |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | Units |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------|
| Voltage on Vcc Supply Relative to VSS | V _{in} , V _{out} | -0.5 to V _{cc} +0.5V | V |
| Voltage on Any Pin Relative to VSS | V _{in} , V _{out} | -0.5 to 4.0 | V |
| Power Dissipation | P _D | 1.0 | W |
| Storage Temperature | P _{STG} | -65 to 150 | °C |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | T _A | -40 to 85 | °C |

* Stresses greater than those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Recommended DC Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Operating Vcc(V) | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|------|---------|---------|-------|
| Vcc Supply Voltage | 2.3 ~ 3.6 | Vcc | 2.3 | 2.5/3.3 | 3.6 | V |
| | 1.65 ~ 2.2 | Vcc | 1.65 | 1.8 | 2.2 | V |
| Ground | | Vss | 0 | 0 | 0 | V |
| Input High Voltage | 2.3 ~ 3.6 | V _{IH} | 2.0 | - | Vcc+0.3 | V |
| | 1.65 ~ 2.2 | V _{IH} | 1.4 | - | Vcc+0.2 | V |
| Input Low Voltage | 2.3 ~ 3.6 | V _{IL} | -0.3 | - | 0.7 | V |
| | 1.65 ~ 2.2 | V _{IL} | -0.2 | - | 0.4 | V |

DC and Operating Characteristics

| Parameters | Symbol | Test Conditions | | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|------------------------|------------------|---|------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| Input Leakage Current | I _{LI} | V _{IN} = V _{ss} to V _{cc} | | -2 | - | +2 | uA |
| Output Leakage Current | I _{LO} | $\overline{CS} = V_{IH}$ or $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ or $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$ V _{OUT} = V _{ss} to V _{cc} | | -2 | - | +2 | uA |
| Operating Current | I _{CC} | V _{CC} (max), f=f _{max} , I _{OUT} =0mA V _{IN} ≥V _{cc} -0.2V or V _{IN} ≤0.2V | 10ns | - | 45 | 80 | mA |
| | | | 12ns | - | 43 | 76 | |
| Standby Current | I _{SB} | V _{CC} (max), f=f _{max} , $\overline{CS} \geq V_{IH}$ | | - | - | 60 | mA |
| | I _{SB1} | V _{CC} (max), f=0, $\overline{CS} \geq V_{CC}-0.2V$ V _{IN} ≥V _{cc} -0.2V or V _{IN} ≤0.2V | | - | 10 | 36 | |
| Output Low Voltage | V _{OL} | V _{CC} =3.0V, I _{OL} =8mA | | - | - | 0.4 | V |
| | | V _{CC} =2.4V, I _{OL} =1mA | | - | | 0.4 | |
| | | V _{CC} =1.65V, I _{OL} =0.1mA | | - | | 0.2 | |
| Output High Voltage | V _{OH} | V _{CC} =3.0V, I _{OH} =-4mA | | 2.4 | - | - | V |
| | | V _{CC} =2.4V, I _{OH} =-1mA | | 1.8 | | - | |
| | | V _{CC} =1.65V, I _{OH} =-0.1mA | | 1.4 | | - | |

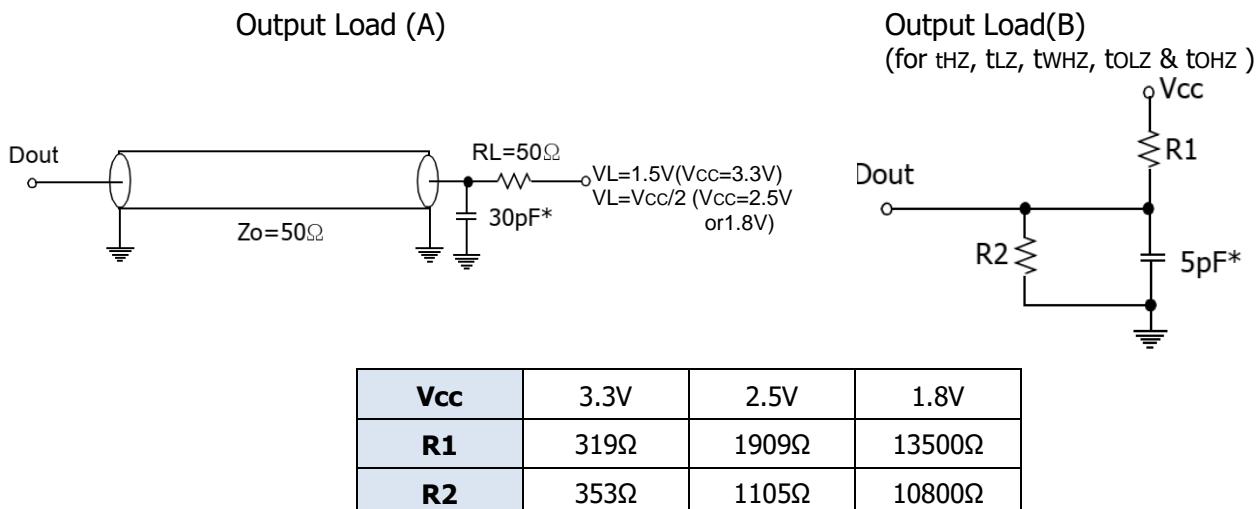
Pin Capacitance

| Item | Symbol | Test Conditions | Typ | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----|-----|------|
| Input/Output Capacitance | $C_{I/O}$ | $V_{I/O}=0V$ | - | 16 | pF |
| Input Capacitance | C_{IN} | $V_{IN}=0V$ | - | 14 | pF |

* $T_A=25^\circ C$, $f=1.0\text{MHz}$, Capacitance is sampled and not 100% tested.

Test Conditions

| Parameter | Value |
|--|--|
| Input Pulse Level | 0 to 3.0V ($V_{CC}=3.3V$) |
| | 0 to 2.5V ($V_{CC}=2.5V$) |
| | 0 to 1.8V ($V_{CC}=1.8V$) |
| Input Rise and Fall Time | 1V/1ns |
| Input and Output Timing Reference Levels | 1.5V ($V_{CC}=3.3V$) |
| | 1/2 V_{CC} ($V_{CC}=2.5V$ or $1.8V$) |
| Output Load | See Fig. 1 |



* Including Scope and Jig Capacitance

Functional Description (x16 Mode)

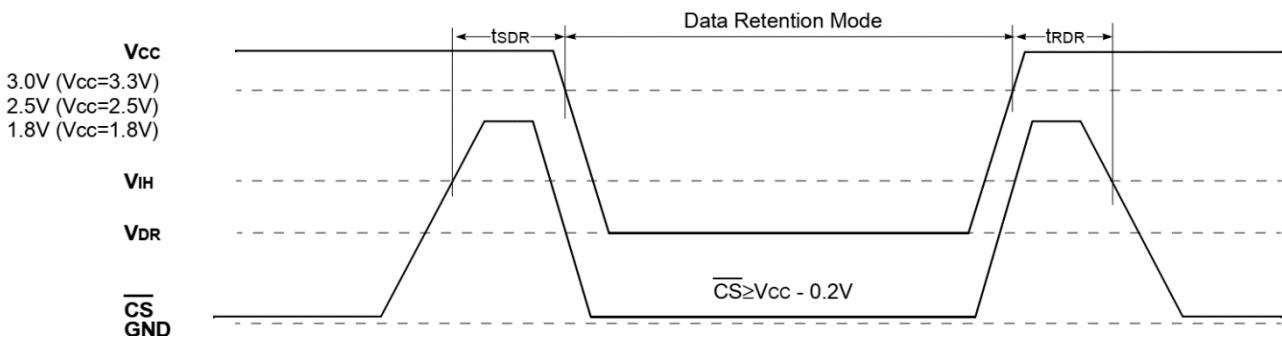
| \overline{CS} | \overline{WE} | \overline{OE} | \overline{LB} | \overline{UB} | Modes | DQ Pins | | Supply Current |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | | | | $DQ_7 \sim DQ_0$ | $DQ_{15} \sim DQ_8$ | |
| H | X | X* | X | X | Not Selected | High-Z | High-Z | I_{SB}, I_{SB1} |
| L | H | H | X | X | Output Disable | High-Z | High-Z | I_{CC} |
| L | X | X | H | H | | High-Z | High-Z | |
| L | H | L | L | H | Read | Dout | High-Z | I_{CC} |
| | | | H | L | | High-Z | Dout | |
| | | | L | L | | Dout | Dout | |
| L | L | X | L | H | Write | Din | High-Z | I_{CC} |
| | | | H | L | | High-Z | Din | |
| | | | L | L | | Din | Din | |

* X means Don't Care.

Data Retention Characteristics

| Parameter | Operating Vcc(V) | Symbol | Test Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------------------|------------------|----------|--|------|------|------|------|
| Vcc for Data Rention | 2.5/3.3 | V_{DR} | $\overline{CS} \geq Vcc - 0.2V$ | 2.0 | - | - | V |
| | 1.8 | | | 1.5 | - | - | |
| Data Retention Current | 2.5/3.3 | I_{DR} | $Vcc=2.0V$ $\overline{CS} \geq Vcc-0.2V$ $V_{IN} \geq Vcc-0.2V \text{ or } V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$ | - | 10 | 36 | mA |
| | 1.8 | | $Vcc=1.5V$ $\overline{CS} \geq Vcc-0.2V$ $V_{IN} \geq Vcc-0.2V \text{ or } V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$ | - | 10 | 36 | |
| Data Retention Set-Up Time | | tSDR | See Data Retention Wave form(below) | 0 | - | - | ns |
| Recovery Time | | tRDR | | 1 | - | - | ms |

Data Retention Wave Form (\overline{CS} Controlled)



AC Timing Parameters

Read Cycle

| Parameter | Symbol | 10ns | | 12ns | | Units |
|---|-----------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| | | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | |
| Read Cycle Time | t_{RC} | 10 | - | 12 | - | ns |
| Address Access Time | t_{AA} | - | 10 | - | 12 | ns |
| Chip Enable to Output | t_{CO} | - | 10 | - | 12 | ns |
| Output Enable to Valid Output | t_{OE} | - | 5 | - | 6 | ns |
| \bar{UB}, \bar{LB} Access Time ¹⁾ | t_{BA} | - | 5 | - | 6 | ns |
| Chip Enable to Low-Z Output | t_{LZ} | 3 | - | 3 | - | ns |
| Output Enable to Low-Z Output | t_{OLZ} | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| \bar{UB}, \bar{LB} Enable to Low-Z Output ¹⁾ | t_{BLZ} | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| Chip Disable to High-Z Output | t_{HZ} | 0 | 5 | 0 | 6 | ns |
| Output Disable to High-Z Output | t_{OHZ} | 0 | 5 | 0 | 6 | ns |
| \bar{UB}, \bar{LB} Disable to High-Z Output ¹⁾ | t_{BHZ} | 0 | 5 | 0 | 6 | ns |
| Output Hold from Address Change | t_{OH} | 3 | - | 3 | - | ns |
| Chip Selection to Power Up Time | t_{PU} | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| Chip Selection to Power Down Time | t_{PD} | - | 10 | - | 12 | ns |

Notes:

- Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

Write Cycle

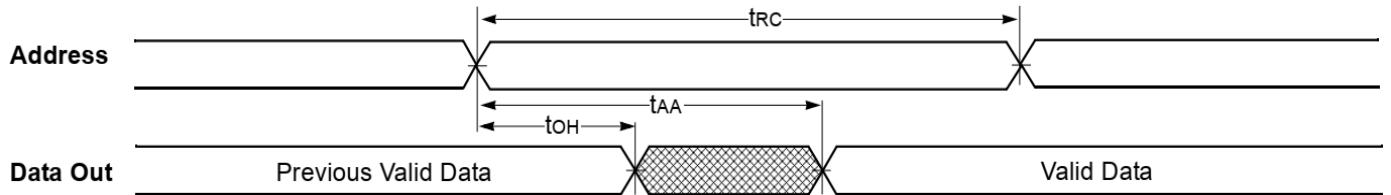
| Parameter | Symbol | 10ns | | 12ns | | Units |
|--|-----------|------|------|------|------|-------|
| | | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | |
| Write Cycle Time | t_{WC} | 10 | - | 12 | - | ns |
| Chip Enable to End of Write | t_{CW} | 7 | - | 9 | - | ns |
| Address Set-up Time | t_{AS} | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| Address Valid to End of Write | t_{AW} | 7 | - | 9 | - | ns |
| Write Pulse Width (\bar{OE} High) | t_{WP} | 7 | - | 9 | - | ns |
| Write Pulse Width (\bar{OE} Low) | t_{WP1} | 10 | - | 12 | - | ns |
| \bar{UB}, \bar{LB} Valid to End of Write ¹⁾ | t_{BW} | 7 | - | 9 | - | ns |
| Write Recovery Time | t_{WR} | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| Write to Ouput High-Z | t_{WHZ} | 0 | 5 | 0 | 6 | ns |
| Data to Write Time Overlap | t_{DW} | 5 | - | 7 | - | ns |
| Data Hold from Write Time | t_{DH} | 0 | - | 0 | - | ns |
| End of Write to Ouput Low-Z | t_{OW} | 3 | - | 3 | - | ns |

Notes:

- Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

Timing Diagrams

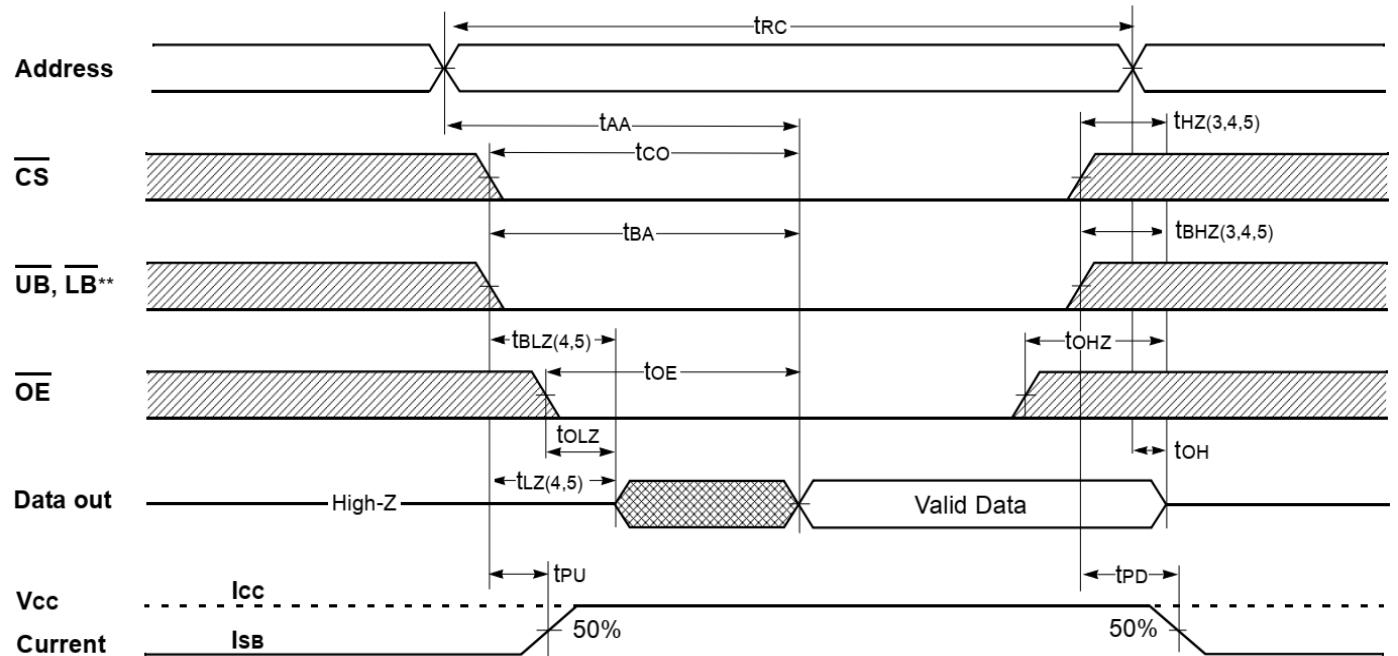
Timing Waveform of Read Cycle(1) (Address Controlled, $\overline{CS} = \overline{OE} = VIL$, $\overline{WE} = VIH$, \overline{UB} , $\overline{LB} = VIL$ ¹)



Notes:

- Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

Timing Waveform of Read Cycle(2) ($\overline{WE} = VIH$)

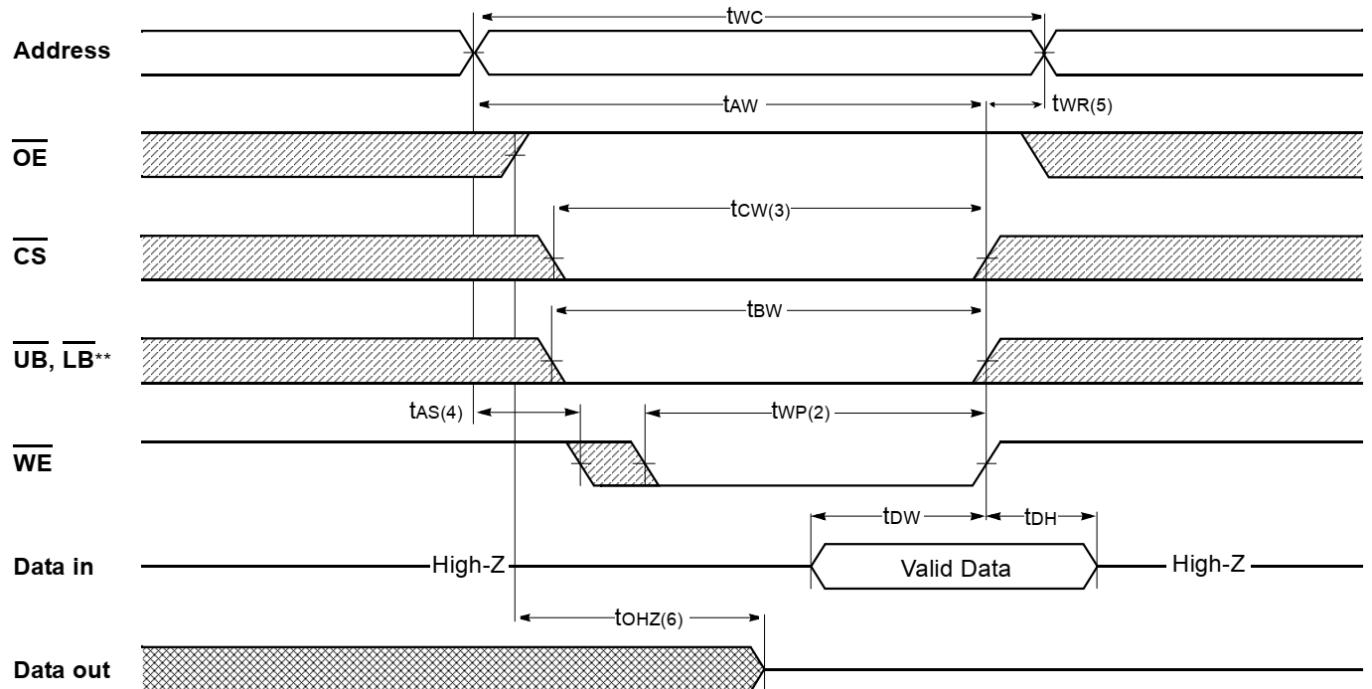


Notes (Read Cycle)

- \overline{WE} is high for read cycle.
- All read cycle timing is referenced from the last valid address to the first transition address.
- t_{HZ} and t_{OHZ} are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit condition and are not referenced to VOH or VOL levels.
- At any given temperature and voltage condition, $t_{HZ}(\text{Max.})$ is less than $t_{LZ}(\text{Min.})$ both for a given device and from device to device.
- Transition is measured $\pm 200\text{mV}$ from steady state voltage with Load(B). This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- Device is continuously selected with $\overline{CS} = VIL$.
- Address valid prior to coincident with \overline{CS} transition low.
- For common DQ applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions is necessary during read and write cycle.

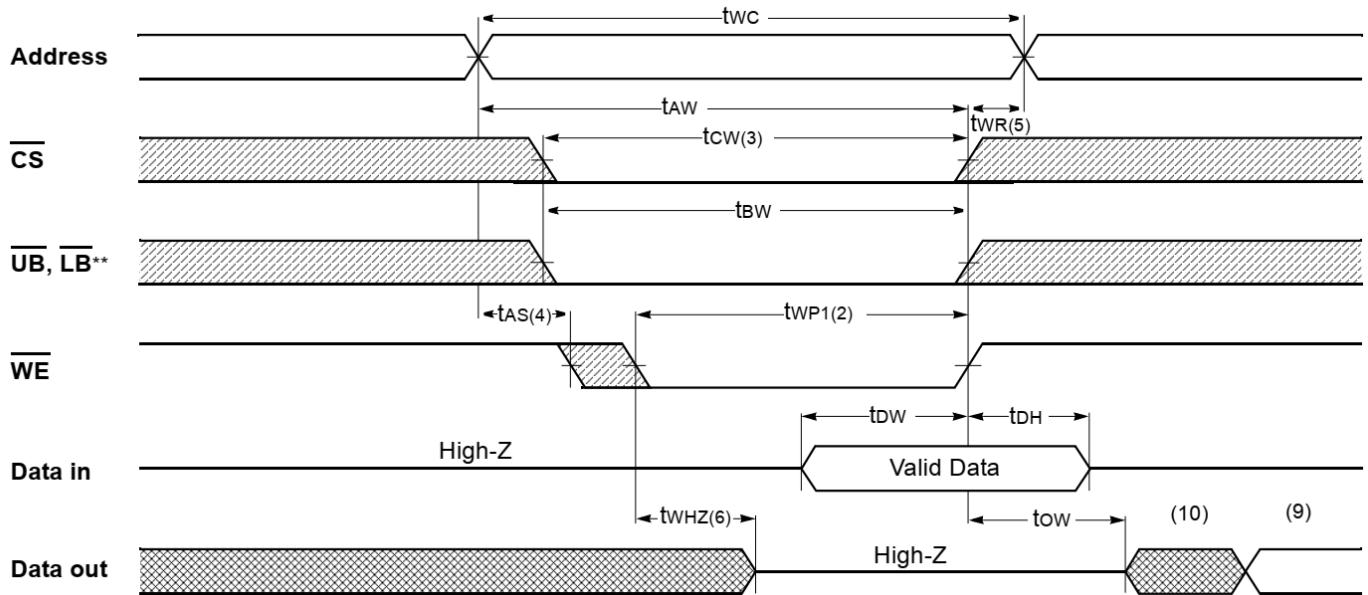
** Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

Timing Waveform of Write Cycle(1) (\overline{OE} Clock)



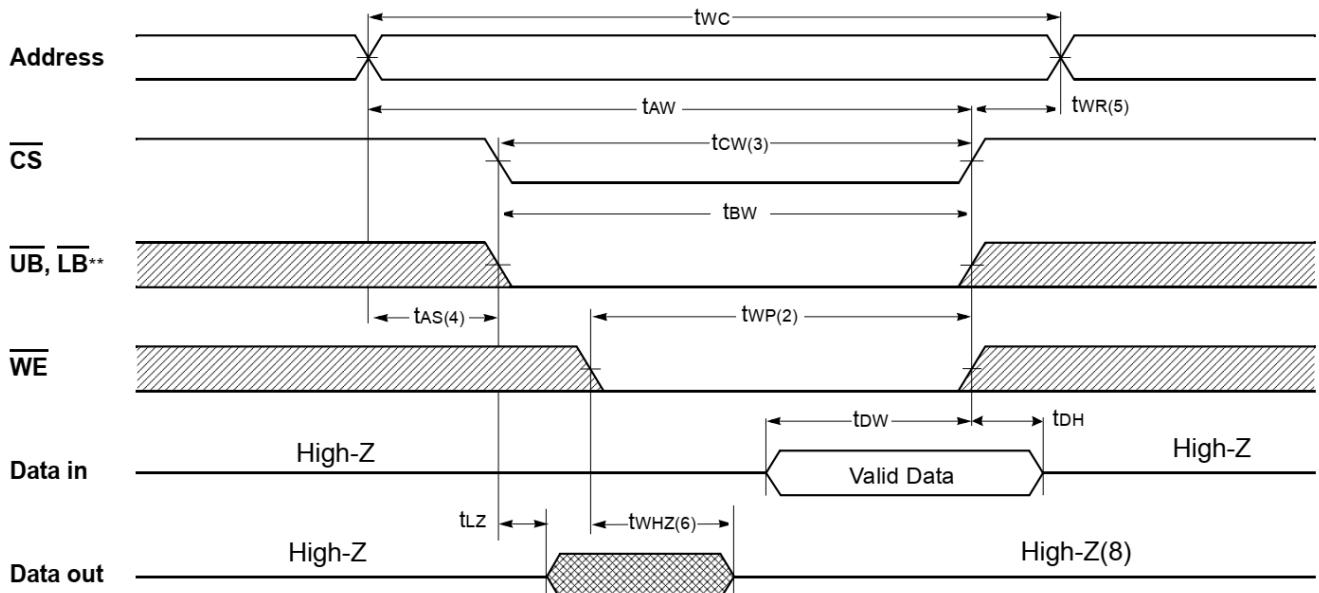
** Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

Timing Waveform of Write Cycle(2) (\overline{OE} = Low Fix)



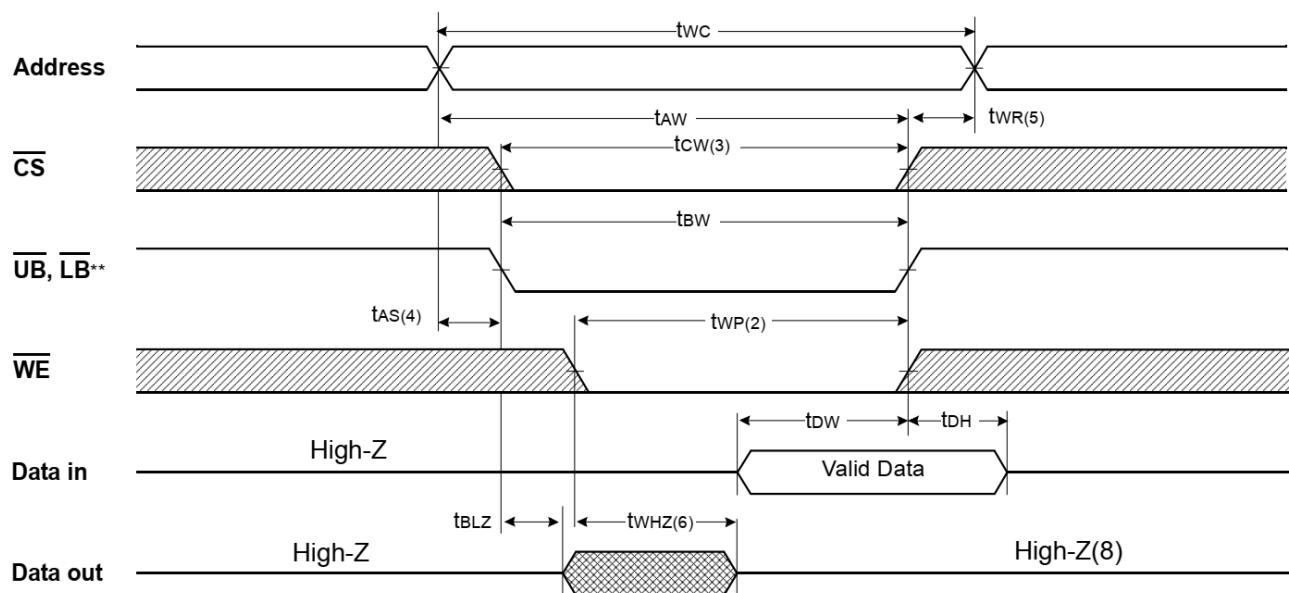
** Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

Timing Waveform of Write Cycle(3) (\overline{CS} Controlled)



** Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

Timing Waveform of Write Cycle(4) ($\overline{UB}, \overline{LB}$ Controlled)



Notes (Write Cycle)

- All write cycle timing is referenced from the last valid address to the first transition address.
- A write occurs during the overlap of a low \overline{CS} , \overline{WE} , \overline{LB} and \overline{UB} . A write begins at the latest transition \overline{CS} going low and \overline{WE} going low ; A write ends at the earliest transition \overline{CS} going high or WE going high. t_{WP} is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- t_{CW} is measured from the later of \overline{CS} going low to end of write.
- t_{AS} is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- t_{WR} is measured from the end of write to the address change. t_{WR} applied in case a write ends as \overline{CS} or \overline{WE} going high.
- If \overline{OE} , \overline{CS} and \overline{WE} are in the Read Mode during this period, the I/O pins are in the output low-Z state. Inputs of opposite phase of the output must not . be applied because bus contention can occur.
- For common I/O applications, minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions is necessary during read and write cycle.
- If \overline{CS} , goes low simultaneously with WE going or after WE going low, the outputs remain high impedance state.
- D_{out} is the read data of the new address.
- When \overline{CS} is low : I/O pins are in the output state. The input signals in the opposite phase leading to the output should not be applied.

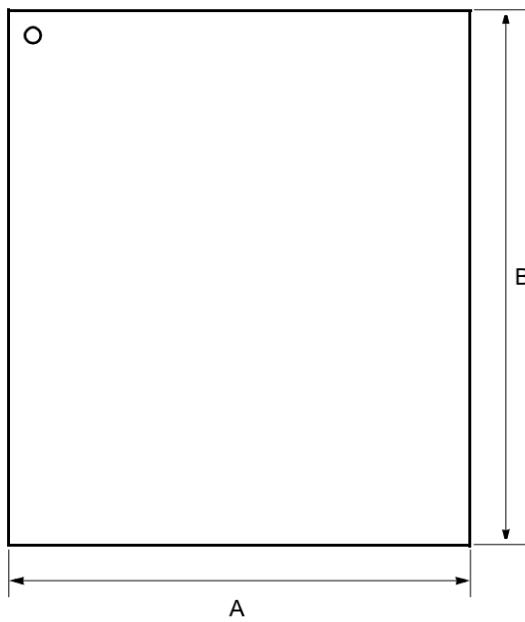
** Those parameters are applied for x16 mode only.

Package Dimensions

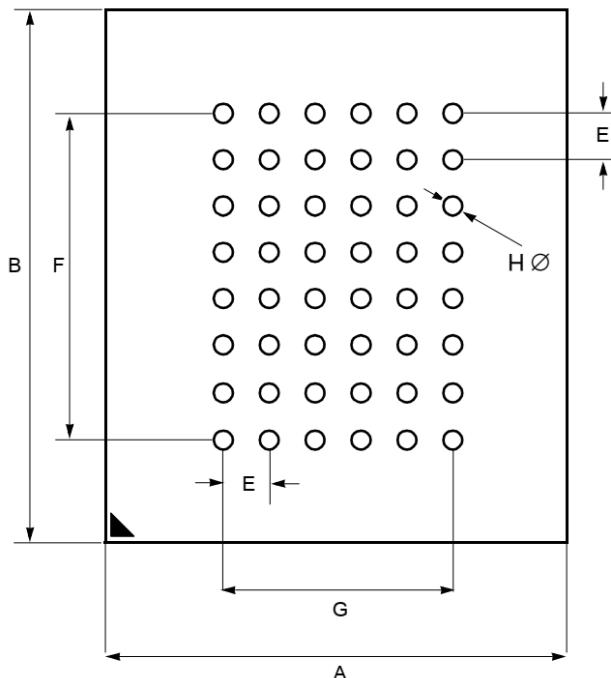
48FBGA

6mm x 8mm Body, 0.75mm Bump Pitch, 6 x 8 Ball Grid Array

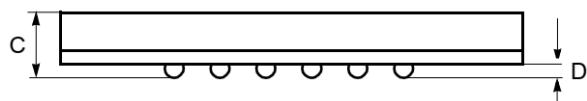
Top View



Bottom View



Side View



| Symbol | Value | Units | Note | Symbol | Value | Units | Note |
|--------|-------------|-------|------|--------|-------------|-------|------|
| A | 6 ± 0.1 | mm | | E | 0.75 | mm | |
| B | 8 ± 0.1 | mm | | F | 5.25 | mm | |
| C | 1.1 ± 0.1 | mm | | G | 3.75 | mm | |
| D | 0.25 ± 0.05 | mm | | H | 0.35 ± 0.05 | mm | |

Revision History

| Revision | Data | Description |
|----------|-----------|--|
| 0.0 | Aug. 2023 | Initial Release, Preliminary |
| 1.0 | Jun. 2024 | 1. Remove Preliminary status 2. Update DC Characteristics |