

# **Notice for TAIYO YUDEN Products**

Please read this notice before using the TAIYO YUDEN products.

# ? REMINDERS

#### Product Information in this Catalog

Product information in this catalog is as of March 2023. All of the contents specified herein and production status of the products listed in this catalog are subject to change without notice due to technical improvement of our products, etc. Therefore, please check for the latest information carefully before practical application or use of our products.

Please note that TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages and defects in products or equipment incorporating our products, which are caused under the conditions other than those specified in this catalog or individual product specification sheets.

#### Approval of Product Specifications

Please contact TAIYO YUDEN for further details of product specifications as the individual product specification sheets are available. When using our products, please be sure to approve our product specifications or make a written agreement on the product specification with TAIYO YUDEN in advance.

#### Pre-Evaluation in the Actual Equipment and Conditions

Please conduct validation and verification of our products in actual conditions of mounting and operating environment before using our products.

#### Limited Application

## 1. Equipment Intended for Use

The products listed in this catalog are intended for general-purpose and standard use in general electronic equipment for consumer (e.g., AV equipment, OA equipment, home electric appliances, office equipment, information and communication equipment including, without limitation, mobile phone, and PC) and other equipment specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets, or the equipment approved separately by TAIYO YUDEN.

TAIYO YUDEN has the product series intended for use in the following equipment. Therefore, when using our products for these equipment, please check available applications specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets and use the corresponding products.

Application	Product Series	Quality Grade*3	
Application	Equipment *1	Category (Part Number Code *2)	Quality Grade 9
Automotive	Automotive Electronic Equipment (POWERTRAIN, SAFETY)	А	1
Adiomotive	Automotive Electronic Equipment (BODY & CHASSIS, INFOTAINMENT)	С	2
Industrial	Telecommunications Infrastructure and Industrial Equipment	В	2
Medical	Medical Devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)	M	2
iviedicai	Medical Devices classified as GHTF Classes A or B (Japan Classes I or II)	L	3
Consumer	General Electronic Equipment	S	3
Consumer	Only for Mobile Devices *4	E	4

<sup>\*</sup>Notes:1. Based on the general specifications required for electronic components for such equipment, which are recognized by TAIYO YUDEN, the use of each product series for the equipment is recommended. Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN before using our products for equipment other than those covered by the product series.

<sup>2.</sup> On each of our part number, the 2nd code from the left is a code indicating the "Category" as shown in the above table. For details, please check the explanatory materials regarding the part numbering system of each of our products.

<sup>3.</sup> Each product series is assigned a "Quality Grade" from 1 to 4 in order of higher quality. Please do not incorporate a product into any equipment with a higher Quality Grade than the Quality Grade of such product without the prior written consent of TAIYO YUDEN.

<sup>4.</sup> The applications covered by this product series are limited to mobile devices (smartphone, tablet PC, smartwatch, handheld game console, etc.) among general electronic equipment for consumer. The design, specifications and operating environment, etc. differ from those of the product series for "General Electronic Equipment" (Category: S), so please check the individual product specification sheets for details. The product series for "General Electronic Equipment" (Category: S) can also be used for mobile devices.

<sup>▶</sup> This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our product specification sheets. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our website (http://www.ty-top.com/).

#### 2. Equipment Requiring Inquiry

Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using the products listed in this catalog for the following equipment (excluding intended equipment as specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets) which may cause loss of human life, bodily injury, serious property damage and/or serious public impact due to a failure or defect of the products and/or malfunction attributed thereto.

- (1) Transportation equipment (automotive powertrain control system, train control system, and ship control system, etc.)
- (2) Traffic signal equipment
- (3) Disaster prevention equipment, crime prevention equipment
- (4) Medical devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)
- (5) Highly public information network equipment, data-processing equipment (telephone exchange, and base station, etc.)
- (6) Any other equipment requiring high levels of quality and/or reliability equal to the equipment listed above

#### 3. Equipment Prohibited for Use

Please do not incorporate our products into the following equipment requiring extremely high levels of safety and/or reliability.

- (1) Aerospace equipment (artificial satellite, rocket, etc.)
- (2) Aviation equipment \*1
- (3) Medical devices classified as GHTF Class D (Japan Class IV), implantable medical devices \*2
- (4) Power generation control equipment (nuclear power, hydroelectric power, thermal power plant control system, etc.)
- (5) Undersea equipment (submarine repeating equipment, etc.)
- (6) Military equipment
- (7) Any other equipment requiring extremely high levels of safety and/or reliability equal to the equipment listed above
- \*Notes:1. There is a possibility that our products can be used only for aviation equipment that does not directly affect the safe operation of aircraft (e.g., in-flight entertainment, cabin light, electric seat, cooking equipment) if such use meets requirements specified separately by TAIYO YUDEN. Please be sure to contact TAIYO YUDEN for further information before using our products for such aviation equipment.
  - 2. Implantable medical devices contain not only internal unit which is implanted in a body, but also external unit which is connected to the internal unit.

#### 4. Limitation of Liability

Please note that unless you obtain prior written consent of TAIYO YUDEN, TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages incurred by you or third parties arising from use of the products listed in this catalog for any equipment that is not intended for use by TAIYO YUDEN, or any equipment requiring inquiry to TAIYO YUDEN or prohibited for use by TAIYO YUDEN as described above.

#### Safety Design

When using our products for high safety and/or reliability-required equipment or circuits, please fully perform safety and/or reliability evaluation. In addition, please install (i) systems equipped with a protection circuit and a protection device and/or (ii) systems equipped with a redundant circuit or other system to prevent an unsafe status in the event of a single fault for a failsafe design to ensure safety.

#### Intellectual Property Rights

Information contained in this catalog is intended to convey examples of typical performances and/or applications of our products and is not intended to make any warranty with respect to the intellectual property rights or any other related rights of TAIYO YUDEN or any third parties nor grant any license under such rights.

## Limited Warranty

Please note that the scope of warranty for our products is limited to the delivered our products themselves conforming to the product specifications specified in the individual product specification sheets, and TAIYO YUDEN shall not be in any way responsible for any damages resulting from a failure or defect in our products. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if there is a written agreement (e.g., supply and purchase agreement, quality assurance agreement) signed by TAIYO YUDEN and your company, TAIYO YUDEN will warrant our products in accordance with such agreement, provided, however, that our products shall be used for general-purpose and standard use in the equipment specified in this catalog or the individual product specification sheets.

## ■ TAIYO YUDEN's Official Sales Channel

The contents of this catalog are applicable to our products which are purchased from our sales offices or authorized distributors (hereinafter "TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel"). Please note that the contents of this catalog are not applicable to our products purchased from any seller other than TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel.

## Caution for Export

Some of our products listed in this catalog may require specific procedures for export according to "U.S. Export Administration Regulations", "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law" of Japan, and other applicable regulations. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact our sales staff.

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# **Medical Application Guide**

According to the medical devices classified as GHTF Classes A to C (Japan Classes I to III), we have the corresponding product series (the 2nd code from the left side of the part number is "M" or "L") intended for use in the medical devices. Therefore, when using our products for the medical devices, please be sure to check the classification based on the GHTF Rules and use the corresponding product series.

On the other hand, we don't have the product series intended for use in (i) all medical devices classified as GHTF Class D (Japan Class IV) and (ii) implantable medical devices (bone-anchored hearing aid, artificial retina system, and external unit which is connected to internal unit which is implanted in a body, etc.). Therefore, please do not incorporate our products into these medical devices. Should you have any questions on this matter, please contact us.

Risk I	Level	Low					High	
		Class I General Medical Devices (GHTF Class A)	Med	Class II Controlled dical Devices HTF Class B)	Class III Specially-cont Medical Devi (GHTF Class	rolled ices	Class IV Specially-controlled Medical Devices (GHTF Class D)	
	g to in iles)	Medical devices with extremely low risk to the human body in case of problems	relativel	devices with y low risk to the body in case of as	Medical devices relatively high ris human body in c problems	k to the	Medical devices highly invasive to patients and with life-threatening risk in case of problems	
Japan	Classification according to the PMD Act of Japan (based on the GHTF Rules)	<ul> <li>[Ex.]</li> <li>In Vitro Diagnostic Devices</li> <li>Nebulizer</li> <li>Blood Gas Analyzer</li> <li>Plethysmographs</li> <li>Breathing Sensor</li> <li>AC-powered Operating Table</li> <li>Surgical Light</li> <li>Cholesterol Analysis Device</li> <li>Blood Type Analysis Device, etc.</li> </ul>	• Electr Press • Electr • Hearii • Electr • MRI • Ultras Syste • Diagn Equip • X-ray Equip • Centr	ocardiograph conic Diagnostic m ostic Imaging ment Diagnostic	[Ex.]     Dialysis Machi     Radiation There Equipment     Infusion Pump     Respirator     Glucose Monif System     AED (Automathe External Defibrem Skin Laser Scient Pump,	rapy  toring  ed rillator) anner eal Unit	<ul> <li>[Ex.]</li> <li>Cardiac Pacemaker</li> <li>Video Flexible</li></ul>	
	ation	Class I General Controls  Medical devices without the possibility of causing serious injury or harm to the patient or user even if there is a defect or malfunction in such medical devices		General C	ss II ontrols and Controls		Class III General Controls and Premarket Approval	
U.S.A.	FDA Classification			Medical devices possibility of cau harm to the patie there is a defect in such medical	sing injury or ent or user if or malfunction	Medical devices with the possibility of causing serious injury, disability or death to the patient or user if a defect or malfunction occurs in such medical devices		
Corresponding TAIYO YUDEN Product Series		Product Series for classified as GHT (Japan Cla (The 2nd Code from the Numb	F Classo	es A or B	Product Serie Medical Dev classified as ( Class C (Japan ( (The 2nd Code the Left Side of the Number: "M (See the Note be	ices GHTF Class III) from he Part I")	N/A	

<sup>\*</sup> Note: It is prohibited that our products are used in some medical devices such as implantable medical devices even if such medical devices are classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III).

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# Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

# for Medical Devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)

REFLOW

# ■PART NUMBER

М	М	Α	S	Т	3	1	L	S	В	5	1	0	6	K	Т	N	Α	0	1
	(	$\bigcirc$		2	(3	3)	4	5	(	3		7		8	9		1	0	

(1)Series

Code (1)(2)(3)(4)	
MMAS	Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor (High dielectric type) for Medical Devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III) Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor (Temperature compensating type) for Medical Devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)
MMAR	High frequency/Low loss Medium-High Voltage Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor for Medical Devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)
MMJC	Soft Termination Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor for Medical Devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)
MMRL	LW Reversal Decoupling Low ESL Capacitor (LWDC™) for Medical Devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)

(1) Product Group

	·
Code	
М	Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor

(2) Category

Code	Recommended equipment	Quality Grade
М	Medical Devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)	2

(3) Type

Code	
Α	2 terminals
J	Soft Termination
R	LW reversal

(4) Features, Characteristics

(+) 1 Catt	area, enaracteristics
Code	
S	Standard/General
R	High frequency/Low loss
С	Internal code (Soft Termination)
L	Low ESL

2Rated voltage

Code	Rated voltage[VDC]
Α	4
J	6.3
L	10
E	16
Т	25
G	35
U	50
Н	100
Q	250
S	630

(3)Dime	ncion	(1	Y	( \A

3 Dimension (L × W)						
Code	L×W [mm]	JIS(mm)	EIA(inch)			
06	0.6 × 0.3	0603	0201			
10	1.0 × 0.5	1005	0402			
	0.52 × 1.0 💥	0510	0204			
16	1.6 × 0.8	1608	0603			
10	0.8 × 1.6 💥	0816	0306			
01	2.0 × 1.25	2012	0805			
21	1.25 × 2.0 💥	1220	0508			
31	3.2 × 1.6	3216	1206			
32	3.2 × 2.5	3225	1210			
45	4.5 × 3.2	4532	1812			

# 4 Thickness

Code	Thickness[mm]
3	0.3
5	0.5
7	0.7
8	0.8
9	0.85
Q	1.15
G	1.25
L	1.6
N	1.9 (0.088 max ※)
М	2.5
N	(141471)

Note: XLW reverse type (MMRL)

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5Dimension tolerance

Code	Dimension code	L[mm]	W[mm]	T[mm]	Thicknes code
	10	1.0±0.10	0.5±0.10	0.5±0.10	5
	16	1.6+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05	8
	21	2.0+0.15/-0.05	1.25+0.15/-0.05	1.25+0.15/-0.05	G
Α	0.1	0.0.1.0.00	101000	1.15±0.20	Q
	31	3.2±0.20	1.6±0.20	1.6±0.20	L
	32	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.30	2.5±0.30	М
	10	1.0+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05	5
В	16	1.6+0.20/-0	0.8+0.20/-0	0.8+0.20/-0	8
В	21	2.0+0.20/-0	1.25+0.20/-0	1.25+0.20/-0	G
	31	3.2±0.30	1.6±0.30	1.6±0.30	L
	10	1.0+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0	5
С	16	1.6+0.25/-0	0.8+0.25/-0	0.8+0.25/-0	8
	21	2.0+0.25/-0	1.25+0.25/-0	1.25+0.25/-0	G
D	21	2.0+0.30/-0	1.25+0.30/-0	1.25+0.30/-0	G
Н	31	3.2±0.15	1.6±0.15	1.15±0.10	Q
J	21	2.0+0.15/-0.05	1.25+0.15/-0.05	0.85±0.10	9
i	21	2.0+0.20/-0	1.25+0.20/-0	0.85±0.10	9
L	32	3.2±0.50	2.5±0.30	2.5±0.30	M
N	21	2.0±0.15	1.25±0.15	0.85±0.15	9
	06	0.6±0.03	0.3±0.03	0.3±0.03	3
	10	1.0±0.05	0.5±0.05	0.5±0.05	5
	10	0.52±0.05 ※	1.0±0.05	0.3±0.05	3
		1.6±0.10	0.8±0.10	0.7±0.10	7
	16	1.0 ± 0.10	0.8 ± 0.10	0.8±0.10	8
		0.8±0.10 ※	1.6±0.10	0.5±0.05	5
S		2.0±0.10	1.25±0.10	0.85±0.10	9
	21	2.0 ± 0.10	1.23 ± 0.10	1.25±0.10	G
		1.25±0.15 ※	2.0±0.15	0.85±0.10	9
	31	3.2±0.15	1.6±0.15	1.6±0.20	L
	32	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	1.9±0.20	N
	32	3.2 ± 0.30	2.3 ± 0.20	2.5±0.20	М
	45	4.5±0.40	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	М

Note: XLW reverse type (MMRL)

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## **6**Temperature characteristics code

## ■ High dielectric type

Code			Temperature range[°C]	Ref. Temp.[°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance tolerance	Tolerance code
B5	EIA	X5R	-55~+ 85	25	±15%	±10%	K
	EIA	YOK	_55~ + 65	25	土13%	±20%	М
C6	EIA	X6S	-55~+105	25	±22%	±10%	K
	EIA	A03	-55~ +105	25	± 22%	±20%	М
В7	EIA	EIA X7R −55~+125	25	±15%	±10%	K	
	EIA	A/K	-55~ +125	25	土13%	±20%	М
C7	EIA	X7S	-55~+125	25	±22%	±10%	K
	EIA	A/3	-55~ +125	25	± 22%	±20%	М
D7	7 514 777 55 1405	25	+22%/-33%	±10%	K		
וט	D7 EIA X7T $-55\sim+125$		20	+22%/-33%	±20%	М	

#### ■Temperature compensating type

Code	Applicable		Temperature	Ref. Temp.[°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance	Tolerance
Oode	standard		range[°C]	itel. Tellip.[ C]	Capacitance change	tolerance	code
						±0.05pF	Α
	JIS	CG		20		±0.1pF	В
CG			-55 <b>~</b> +125		0±30ppm/°C	±0.25pF	С
CG		COG	-55~ +125		0±30ppm/ C	±0.5pF	D
	EIA			25		±2%	G
						±5%	J
	JIS	СН		20		±0.25pF	С
CH	JIS	СП	$-55 \sim +125$	20	$0\pm60$ ppm/°C	±0.5pF	D
	EIA	COH		25		±5%	J
CJ	JIS	CJ	-55 <b>~</b> +125	20	0±120ppm/°C	±0.25pF	С
00	EIA	C0J	-55~ +125	25	0±120ppm/ C	±0.25pr	
CK	JIS	CK	-55 <b>~</b> +125	20	0±250ppm/°C	±0.25pF	С
CK	EIA	C0K	-55~ <del>+</del> 125	25	0±250ppm/ C	±0.25pF	

## Nominal capacitance

Code (example)	Nominal capacitance
0R5	0.5pF
010	1pF
100	10pF
101	100pF
102	1,000pF
103	0.01µF
104	0.1μF
105	1μF
106	10μF
107	100μF
	·

Note: R=Decimal point

# 8 Capacitance tolerance

@ Capacitance tolerance								
Code	Capacitance tolerance							
Α	±0.05pF							
В	±0.1pF							
С	±0.25pF							
D	±0.5pF							
G	±2%							
J	±5%							
K	±10%							
М	±20%							

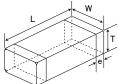
Packaging

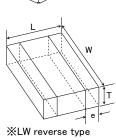
Code	Packaging
F	$\phi$ 178mm Taping (2mm pitch)
R	φ178mm Embossed Taping (4mm pitch)
Т	$\phi$ 178mm Taping (4mm pitch)
P	\$\phi 178mm Taping (4mm pitch, 1000 pcs/reel)
	3225 type(Thickness code M)

**1**Internal code

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# ■STANDARD EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS





<b>T</b>	JIS	EIA		Dim	nension [mm] (inch)	)		
Туре	(mm)	(inch)	L	W	Т	*1	е	
MMAS□06	0603	0201	0.6±0.03 (0.024±0.001)	0.3±0.03 (0.012±0.001)	0.3±0.03 (0.012±0.001)	3	0.15±0.05 (0.006±0.002)	
MMAR□10 MMAS□10	1005	0402	1.0±0.05 (0.039±0.002)	0.5±0.05 (0.020±0.002)	0.5±0.05 (0.020±0.002)	5	0.25±0.10 (0.010±0.004)	
MMRL□10 ※	0510	0204	0.52±0.05 (0.020±0.002)	1.0±0.05 (0.039±0.002)	0.3±0.05 (0.012±0.002)	3	0.18±0.08 (0.007±0.003)	
MMAS□16 MMAR□16	1608	0603	1.6±0.10 (0.063±0.004)	0.8±0.10 (0.031±0.004)	0.7±0.10 (0.028±0.004) 0.8±0.10	7	0.35±0.25 (0.014±0.010)	
MMJC□16	1608	0603	1.6±0.10 (0.063±0.004)	0.8±0.10 (0.031±0.004)	(0.031±0.004) 0.8±0.10 (0.031±0.004)	8	0.35+0.3/-0.25 (0.014+0.012/-0.010)	
MMRL□16 ※	0816	0306	0.8±0.10 (0.031±0.004)	1.6±0.10 (0.063±0.004)	0.5±0.05 (0.020±0.002)	5	0.25±0.15 (0.010±0.006)	
MMAS□21	2012	0805	2.0±0.10	1.25±0.10	0.85±0.10 (0.033±0.004)	9	0.5±0.25	
MMAR□21	2012	0000	(0.079±0.004)	(0.049±0.004)	1.25±0.10 (0.049±0.004)	G	$(0.020 \pm 0.010)$	
MMJC□21	2012	0805	2.0±0.10	1.25±0.10	0.85±0.10 (0.033±0.004)	9	0.5+0.35/-0.25	
WWW000121	2012	0003	(0.079±0.004)	$(0.049\pm0.004)$	1.25±0.10 (0.049±0.004)	G	(0.020 + 0.014 / -0.010)	
MMRL□21 ※	1220	0508	1.25±0.15 (0.049±0.006)	2.0±0.15 (0.079±0.006)	0.85±0.10 (0.033±0.004)	9	0.3±0.2 (0.012±0.008)	
MMAS□31	3216	1206	3.2±0.15 (0.126±0.006)	1.6±0.15 (0.063±0.006)	1.15±0.10 (0.045±0.004) 1.6±0.20	Q	0.5+0.35/-0.25 (0.020+0.014/-0.010)	
			(0.120 ± 0.000)	(0.000 ± 0.000)	$(0.063 \pm 0.008)$	L	(0.020 1 0.014) 0.010)	
MMJC□31	3216	1206	3.2±0.15	1.6±0.15	1.15±0.10 (0.045±0.004)	Q	0.6+0.4/-0.3	
	0210	1200	(0.126±0.006)	(0.063±0.006)	1.6±0.20 (0.063±0.008)	L	(0.024 + 0.016 / -0.012)	
MMAS□32	3225	1210	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	1.9±0.20 (0.075±0.008)	N	$0.6 \pm 0.3$	
IVIIVIA3LI32	3223	1210	(0.126±0.012)	(0.098±0.008)	2.5±0.20 (0.098±0.008)	М	$(0.024 \pm 0.012)$	
MMJC□32	3225	1210	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	1.9±0.20 (0.075±0.008)	N	0.6+0.4/-0.3	
MINIO L 32	3223	1210	(0.126±0.012)	(0.098±0.008)	2.5±0.20 (0.098±0.008)	М	(0.024 + 0.016 / -0.012)	
MMAS□45	4532	1812	4.5±0.40 (0.177±0.016)	3.2±0.30 (0.126±0.012)	2.5±0.20 (0.098±0.008)	М	0.9±0.6 (0.035±0.024)	

Note : XLW reverse type (MMRL), \*1.Thickness code

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# ■STANDARD QUANTITY

	Туре		Thick	ness	Standard qu	uantity[pcs]
Code	JIS(mm)	EIA(inch)	[mm]	Code	Paper tape	Embossed tape
06	0603	0201	0.3	3	15000	_
10	1005	0402	0.5	5	10000	_
10	0510 💥	0204 💥	0.3	3	10000	_
			0.7	7	4000	_
	1608	0603	0.8	8	4000	_
16	1006	0003	0.8	0	3000	3000
			0.8	8	(Soft Termination)	(Soft Termination)
	0816 💥	0306 💥	0.5	5	_	4000
		0805	0.85	9	4000	_
	2012		1.25	G	_	3000
21	2012		1.25	G	_	2000
			1.20	ď		(Soft Termination)
	1220 💥	0508 💥	0.85	9	4000	-
31	3216	1206	1.15	Q	_	3000
31	3210	1200	1.6	L	_	2000
20	2005	1010	1.9	N	_	2000
32	3225	1210	2.5	М	_	500(T), 1000(P)
45	4532	1812	2.5	М	_	500

Note: X.LW Reverse type (MMRL)

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# LW Reversal Decoupling Low ESL Capacitors (LWDC<sup>™</sup>) for Medical Devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)

#### 0510TYPF

[Temperature Characteristic B5(BJ) : X5R( $-55 \sim +85 ^{\circ}$ C)] 0.3mm Thickness

New part number	Old part number (for reference)	Rated voltage [V]	Tempe		Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
MMRLT103SB5104MFNA01	TWK105 BJ104MPHF	25		X5R	0.1 μ	±20	5	150	0.3±0.05	
MMRLE103SB5224MFNA01	EWK105 BJ224MPHF	16		X5R	0.22 μ	±20	10	150	0.3±0.05	
MMRLL103SB5474MFNA01	LWK105 BJ474MPHF	10		X5R	0.47 μ	±20	10	150	$0.3 \pm 0.05$	
MMRLA103SB5105MFNA01	AWK105 BJ105MPHF	4		X5R	1 μ	±20	10	150	$0.3 \pm 0.05$	

[Temperature Characteristic C6 : X6S( $-55\sim+105^{\circ}$ C), C7 : X7S( $-55\sim+125^{\circ}$ C)] 0.3mm Thickness

New part number	Old part number	Rated voltage	Temperature characteristics		Capacitance	Capacitance tolerance [%]	$ an\delta$	HTLT	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
	(for reference)	[V]			[F]	Capacitance tolerance [70]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Inickness [mm]	
MMRLE103SC6104MFNA01	EWK105 C6104MPHF	16		X6S	0.1 μ	±20	5	150	$0.3 \pm 0.05$	
MMRLL103SC7104MFNA01	LWK105 C7104MPHF	10		X7S	0.1 μ	±20	5	150	0.3±0.05	
MMRLL103SC6224MFNA01	LWK105 C6224MPHF	10		X6S	0.22 μ	±20	10	150	$0.3 \pm 0.05$	
MMRLJ103SC7104MFNA01	JWK105 C7104MPHF			X7S	0.1 μ	±20	5	150	$0.3 \pm 0.05$	
MMRLJ103SC7224MFNA01	JWK105 C7224MPHF	6.3		X7S	0.22 μ	±20	10	150	$0.3 \pm 0.05$	
MMRLJ103SC6474MFNA01	JWK105 C6474MPHF			X6S	0.47 μ	±20	10	150	$0.3 \pm 0.05$	
MMRLA103SC7224MFNA01	AWK105 C7224MPHF	4		X7S	0.22 μ	±20	10	150	$0.3 \pm 0.05$	
MMRLA103SC6474MFNA01	AWK105 C6474MPHF	4		X6S	0.47 μ	±20	10	150	$0.3 \pm 0.05$	

## ●0816TYPE

[Temperature Characteristic B5(BJ) :  $X5R(-55 \sim +85^{\circ}C)$ ] 0.5mm Thickness

New part number	Old part number (for reference)	Rated voltage [V]	erature eristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
MMRLL165SB5105MTNA01	LWK107 BJ105MVHT	10	X5R	1 μ	±20	10	150	0.5±0.05	
MMRLJ165SB5225MTNA01	JWK107 BJ225MVHT	6.0	X5R	2.2 μ	±20	10	150	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	
MMRLJ165SB5475MTNA01	JWK107 BJ475MVHT	0.3	X5R	4.7 μ	±20	10	150	0.5±0.05	

[Temperature Characteristic B7 :  $X7R(-55 \sim +125^{\circ}C)$ , C6 :  $X6S(-55 \sim +105^{\circ}C)$ , C7 :  $X7S(-55 \sim +125^{\circ}C)$ ] 0.5mm Thickness

New part number	Old part number (for reference)	Rated voltage [V]	Tempe charact	erature eristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
MMRLT165SB7104MTNA01	TWK107 B7104MVHT	25		X7R	0.1 μ	±20	5	150	0.5±0.05	
MMRLE165SB7224MTNA01	EWK107 B7224MVHT	16		X7R	0.22 μ	±20	5	150	0.5±0.05	
MMRLE165SB7474MTNA01	EWK107 B7474MVHT	10		X7R	0.47 μ	±20	5	150	0.5±0.05	
MMRLL165SB7474MTNA01	LWK107 B7474MVHT	10		X7R	0.47 μ	±20	5	150	0.5±0.05	
MMRLJ165SC7105MTNA01	JWK107 C7105MVHT	6.3		X7S	1 μ	±20	10	150	0.5±0.05	
MMRLA165SC6225MTNA01	AWK107 C6225MVHT	4		X6S	2.2 μ	±20	10	150	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	
MMRLA165SC6475MTNA01	AWK107 C6475MVHT	4	,	X6S	4.7 μ	±20	10	150	0.5±0.05	

#### ●1220TYPE

[Temperature Characteristic B5(BJ): X5R(-55~+85°C)] 0.85mm Thickness

	Li emperature Gharacte	emperature Characteristic B3 (B3) . A3N (									
New part number	Old part number	Rated voltage	Temperature	Capacitance Capacitanas tolors	Capacitance tolerance [%]	nao [04] tan δ	HTLT	Thisless *1 []	Note		
	New part number	(for reference)	[V]	characteristics	[F] Capacitanc	Oapacitance tolerance [70]		Rated voltage x %	Thickness*' [mm]	Note	
	MMRLL219SB5475[TNA01	LWK212 BJ475 DHT	10		X5R	4.7 μ	±10, ±20	10	150	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	
	MMRLJ219SB5106MTNA01	JWK212 BJ106MDHT	6.3		X5R	10 μ	±20	10	150	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	
	MMRI A219SB5226MTNA01	AWK212 BJ226MDHT	4		X5R	22 11	+20	10	150	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	

[Temperature Characteristic C6:  $X6S(-55 \sim +105^{\circ}C)$ ] 0.85mm Thickness

New part number	Old part number (for reference)	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HTLT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*1 [mm]	Note
MMRLJ219SC6475∏TNA01	JWK212 C6475□DHT	6.3	X6S	4.7 µ	±10, ±20	10	150	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	

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# Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

## PACKAGING

## 1)Minimum Quantity

Taped package

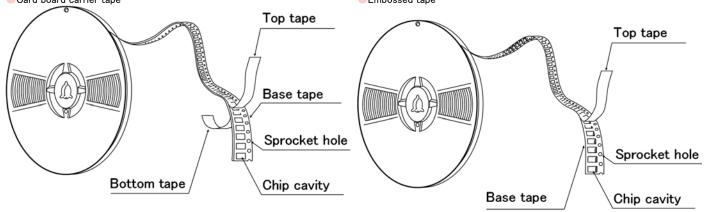
Туре			Thick	ness	Standard Q	uantity[pcs]	
Code	JIS(mm)	EIA(inch)	[mm]	Code	Paper tape	Embossed tape	
02	0201	008004	0.125	1	_	50000	
04	0402	01005	0.2	2	_	40000	
06	0603	0201	0.3	3	15000	_	
			0.13	Н	_	20000	
41	1005	0.400	0.18	Е	_	15000	
1L	1005	0402	0.2	2	20000	_	
			0.3	3	15000	_	
10	1005	0402	0.5	5	10000	_	
10	0510 💥	0204	0.3	3	10000	_	
			0.45	K			
			0.7	7	4000	_	
16	1608	0603	0.8	8			
10			0.8	8	3000	3000	
			0.0	0	(Soft Termination)	(Soft Termination	
	0816 💥	0306	0.5	5	_	4000	
			0.85	9	4000	_	
	2012	0805	0805	1.25	G	_	3000
21	2012		1.25	G	_	2000 (Soft Termination	
	1220 💥	0508	0.85	9	4000	_	
			0.85	9	4000	_	
31	3216	1206	1.15	Q	_	3000	
			1.6	L	_	2000	
			0.85	9			
	3225		1.15	Q		2000	
32		1210	1.9	N	_	2000	
			2.0 max	Υ			
			2.5	М	_	500(T), 1000(P)	
45	4532	1812	2.0 max	Υ	_	1000	
40	4532	1812	2.5	M	_	500	

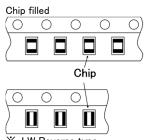
注:※LW Reverse type(MSRL, MCRL, MBRL, MLRL, MMRL)

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# ②Taping material

XNo bottom tape for pressed carrier tape Card board carrier tape Embossed tape Top tape

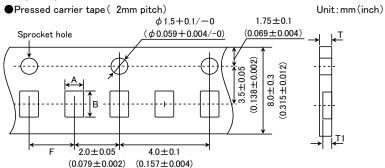




# X LW Reverse type

# 3 Representative taping dimensions

Paper Tape (8mm wide)



T (FIA)	Chip	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	T1	
0603 (0201)	0.37	0.67		0.45	0.40	
0510 (0204) 💥			22.225	0.45max.	0.42max.	
1005 (0402) (*1 2)	0.65	1.15	2.0±0.05	0.4max.	0.3max.	
1005 (0402) (*1 3)				0.45max.	0.42max.	
Net at This are 2.000 are 2.000 W LW Downs to						

Note \*1 Thickness, 2:0.2mm, 3:0.3mm. 

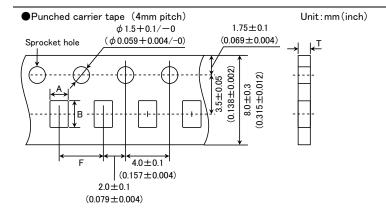
\*\* LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

●Punched carrier tape (2mm	pitch)		Unit:mm(inch)
Sprocket hole	$\phi$ 1.5+0.1/-0 $(\phi$ 0.059+0.004/-0)	1.75±0.1 (0.069±0.004)	→
( - Ŏ		3.5±0.05 (0.138±0.002) 8.0±0.3 (0.315±0.012)	
$\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ \hline & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & \\ & & & \\$	4.0±0.1 0.157±0.004)		

Type/EI/	۸)	Chip	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness	
Type(EIA	Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	
1005 (0402)		0.65	1.15	2.0±0.05	0.8max.	
					Unit:mm	

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Type(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness	
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	
1608 (0603) 0816 (0306) ※	1.0	1.8		1.1max.	
2012 (0805) 1220 (0508) ※	1.65	2.4	4.0±0.1	1.1max.	
3216 (1206)	2.0	3.6			

Note: Taping size might be different depending on the size of the product. 💥 LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

Embossed tape (4mm wide)			Unit:mm(inch)
Sprocket hole	$\phi$ 0.8 $\pm$ 0.04 ( $\phi$ 0.031 $\pm$ 0.002)	$0.9 \pm 0.05$ (0.035 \pm 0.002)	т
opi doket floid	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		<b>→  ←</b> '
(		00 1 00 00 1 00 00 1	
A A A		1.8±0.02 (0.071±0.001) 4.0±0.05 (0.157±0.002)	
)		(0.0) 4.0 (0.15)	
		<u>∕</u>	μ <sub>κ</sub>
F 1.0±0.02	2.0±0.04		<del>( `` `</del>
$(0.039 \pm 0.001)$ (0.000)	$.079 \pm 0.002$		

Type(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(LIA)	Α	В	F	K	T	
0201 (008004)	0.135	0.27	104000	0.5	0.25max.	
0402 (01005)	0.23	0.43	1.0±0.02	0.5max.	U.Zomax.	
					Unit:mm	

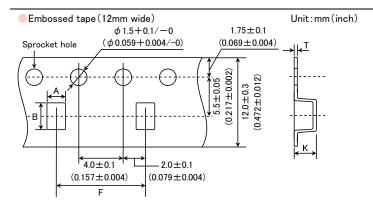
T.mo(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Th	Tape Thickness	
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т	
1005 (0402)	0.6	1.1	2.0±0.1	0.6max	0.2±0.1	
0816 (0306) 💥	1.0	1.8		1.3max.	0.25±0.1	
2012 (0805)	1.65	2.4	40-01		0.6max.	
3216 (1206)	2.0	3.6	4.0±0.1	3.4max.		
3225 (1210)	2.8	3.6				

Note: 

\* LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

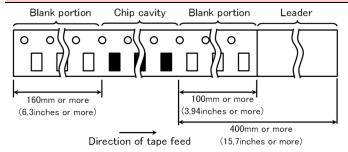
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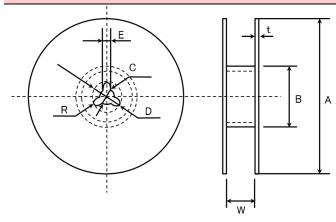
Type(EIA)	Chip Cavity		Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness	
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т
3225 (1210)	3.1	4.0	8.0±0.1	4.0max.	0.6max.
4532 (1812)	3.7	4.9	8.0±0.1	4.0max.	0.6max.

Unit:mm

# 4 Trailer and Leader



# **5**Reel size



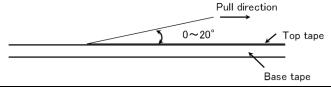
Α	В	С	D	E	R
$\phi$ 178±2.0	<i>ф</i> 50min.	$\phi$ 13.0 $\pm$ 0.2	$\phi$ 21.0 ± 0.8	2.0±0.5	1.0

	Т	W
4mm wide tape	1.5max.	5±1.0
8mm wide tape	2.5max.	10±1.5
12mm wide tape	2.5max.	14±1.5

Unit:mm

#### ⑥Top Tape Strength

The top tape requires a peel-off force of 0.1 to 0.7N in the direction of the arrow as illustrated below.



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# Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors for Telecommunications Infrastructure and Industrial Equipment Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors for Medical Devices classified as GHTF Class C (Japan Class III)

# ■RELIABILITY DATA

1.Operating Tempe	rature Range							
1 0 1	Temperature Compensating(Class	1) -55 to +1	25°C					
	Tomperature compensating (class	17 00 10 1		T . D				
		DE	Specification	Temperature Range				
Specified Value		B5 B7	X5R X7R	-55 to +85°C -55 to +125°C				
Opecified Value	High Permittivity (Class2)	<del>                                 </del>						
		C6 C7	X6S X7S	-55 to +105°C -55 to +125°C				
		D7	X7T	-55 to +125°C				
			X/I	33 to 1123 C				
2. Storage Conditio	ne							
z. Storage Condition	Temperature Compensating(Class	1) -55 to +1						
	Temperature Compensating Class	17 33 to 1		T D				
		DE	Specification	Temperature Range -55 to +85°C				
Specified Value		B5	X5R					
Specified Value	High Permittivity (Class2)	B7	X7R X6S					
		C6						
		D7	X7S X7T					
	1	וט	A/1	-00 to +120 C				
B. Rated Voltage								
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(Class	1) 50VDC, 25V	'DC					
specified value	High Permittivity (Class2)	50VDC, 35V	50VDC, 35VDC, 25VDC, 16VDC, 10VDC, 6.3VDC, 4VDC					
	1	l .						
4. Withstanding Vol	tage (Between terminals)							
	Temperature Compensating(Class	1)						
Specified Value	High Permittivity (Class2)		wn or damage					
	Tiight Fermittivity (Olassz)			01 0				
F . M .! !	Applied well- as	Class 1	v 0	Class 2				
Test Methods and Remarks	Applied voltage  Duration	Rated Volta	Rated volta × 3 Rated voltage × 2.5					
ind Remarks	Charge/discharge current		50mA max.					
	Charge/ discharge current		JOINA IIIAX					
5. Insulation Resist								
	Temperature Compensating(Class							
Specified Value	High Permittivity (Class2) Note	1 '	C ≤ 0.047 $\mu$ F : 10000 M Ω min. C>0.047 $\mu$ F : 500M Ω • $\mu$ F (C:Nominal capacitance)					
	Applied voltage		ι . ουσίνι 32 <sup>-</sup> μ Γ	(C:Nominal capacitance)				
Test Methods		Rated voltage						
and Remarks	Duration Charge/discharge current	: 60±5 sec. : 50mA max.						
	Charge/ disoriarge current	John Hax.						
6. Capacitance(To	olerance)							
		C≦5pF	: ±0.25pF					
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(Class	· ·	-					
opecined value		C>10pF	C>10pF : ±5% (C:Nominal capacitance)					
	High Permittivity (Class2)	±10% or ±	:20%					
		01 1		Class 2				
		Class 1	C≦10 µ	F C>10 μ F				
Test Methods	Preconditioning	None	Thermal treat	ment (at 150°C for 1hr) No	te 2			
and Remarks	Measuring frequency	1MHz±10%	1kHz±1					
	Measuring voltage Note 1	0.5 to 5Vrms	1±0.2Vr	ms 0.5±0.1rms				
	_		•					

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7. Q or Dissipation	Factor					
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(Class	s1)	$C < 30pF : Q \ge 400 + 20C$ $C \ge 30pF : Q \ge 1000$ (C:Nominal capacitance)			
	High Permittivity (Class2) Note	1	2.5% max.			
			Class 1	Class 2		
		· ·	Jiass I	C≦10 <i>μ</i> F	C>10 μ F	
Test Methods	Preconditioning		None	Thermal treatment (at	150°C for 1hr) Note 2	
and Remarks	Measuring frequency	1M	1Hz±10%	1kHz±10%	120±10Hz	
	Measuring voltage Note 1	0.5	to 5Vrms	1±0.2Vrms 0.5±0.1Vrms		
	Bias application			None		

		Ten	perature Chara	cteristic [ppm/°	C] Tole	rance [ppm/°C]
						G: ±30
	Temperature Compensating(Class1)		C□: 0	CG. CH. CJ.	CK	H: ±60
			СШ. 0	OG, OH, OJ,		J: ±120
						K: ±250
Specified Value	High Permittivity (Class2)		Specification	Capacitance change	Reference temperature	Temperature Range
		B5	X5R	±15%	25°C	_55 to +85°C
		B7	X7R	±15%	25°C	-55 to +125°C
		C6	X6S	±22%	25°C	-55 to +105°C
		C7	X7S	±22%	25°C	−55 to +125°C
		D7	X7T	+22/-33%	25°C	−55 to +125°C

Class 1 : Capacitance at 20°C and 85°C shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the following equation.

$$\frac{(C_{85}-C_{20})}{C_{20}\times\Delta T} \times 10^{6} (ppm/^{\circ}C) \qquad \Delta T = 65$$

Class 2: Capacitance at each step shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the following equation.

Test Methods and Remarks

Step	Temperature					
1	Minimum operating temperature					
2	25°C					
3	Maximum operating temperature					
(0 0)	<u> </u>					

 $\frac{(C-C_2)}{C}$  × 100 (%)

C : Capacitance in Step 1 or Step 3

C2 : Capacitance in Step 2

XMeasuring Frequency, Measuring Voltage: Refer to detailed specification

9. Deflection						
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(Class1)			rance : No abnorma tance change : Within ±5%	lity or $\pm 0.5$ pF, whichever is larger.	
Specified Value	High Permittivity	(Class2)	Appearance : No abnormality Capacitance change : Within ±12.5%			
			<u> </u>			
		Multilay	er Ceramic Capacitors			
		0603, <sup>※1</sup> 1005 Ty	rpe The other types		Board R-230 Warp	
Test Methods	Board	Glass	epoxy-re	sin substrate		
and Remarks	Thickness	0.8mm	1.6mm		45±2 45±2 1	
and Nemarks	Warp	1mm (So	ft Termir	ation type:3mm)	( <del>40 - 2</del> )	
	Duration		10 se	ec.	(Unit: mm)	
	**1:1005 Type thickness, ,3: 0.3mm.				Capacitance measurement shall be conducted with the board bent	

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10. Adhesive Stre	ngth of Terminal Electrod	es					
	Temperature Compen	sating(Class1)					
Specified Value	High Permittivity (Cla	ass2)	No termina	al separatio	n or its indication.		
		0603 Type		1005 T	ype or more		
Test Methods	Applied force	2N			5N		
and Remarks	Duration	10±1 sec.		30	±5 sec.		
	Duración	10 ± 1 300.	(Sof	ft Terminati	on type: 10±1 sec.)		
11. Vibration							
	Temperature Compen	sating(Class1)	T ::: 1 C				
Specified Value	High Permittivity (Cla	ass2)	Initial perfe	ormance sh	all be satisfied.		
	Preconditioning	: Thermal ti	reatment(at	150°C for	1hr) Note2 (Only High p	ermittivity)	
Test Methods	Frequency range	: 10 to 55 H	łz				
and Remarks	Overall amplitude	: 1.5 mm	10.11.5				
	Sweeping method		o 10 Hz for 1 s each in X. \		ns: 6 hrs in total		
		i wo nours	, 540H III A, 1	., <u> </u>	o in o in total		
12 Coldanability							
12. Solderability	T	(0) 1)					
Specified Value	Temperature Compen		At least 95	5% of termin	nal electrode is covered	by new sold	er.
	High Permittivity (Cla	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
	0.11		utectic solde		Lead-free solde		
Test Methods and Remarks	Solder type	Н	160A or H63 <i>A</i> 230±5°C	A	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu 245±3°C	1	
and Remarks	Solder temperature  Duration		230 ± 3 C	4±1			
	24.44.0	I					
12 Posistanas ta	Saldaring						
13. Resistance to	Soldering		Appearance		M. I. Pr		
				ce change	: No abnormality : Within ±2.5% or ±	0.25nF which	hever is larger
	Temperature Compen	Temperature Compensating(Class1)			: Initial value	0.20p1 , Willo	mover to larger.
					Insulation resistance : Initial value		
Specified Value			Withstandi	ing voltage	(between terminals)	: No abnor	mality
Opecifica value			Appearance	се	: No abnormality		
			Capacitan	_	: Within ± 7.5%		
	High Permittivity (Cla	ass2) Note 1	Dissipation factor : Initial value Insulation resistance : Initial value				
			Withstandi		: Initial value (between terminals)	: No abnorm	nality
				Class 1	,,		······• <b>,</b>
		0603	Туре	0,000 1	1005 Type		
	Preconditioning			None			
	Preheating	150°C, 1	to 2 min.		80 to 100°C, 2 to 5 m		
	Solder temp.			270±5°C	150 to 200°C, 2 to 5 m	nin.	
	Duration			3±0.5 sec			
	Recovery		24±2hrs (S		ndition)Noe 5		
Test Methods							
and Remarks					Class 2		
		0603	Туре		1005, 1608, 2012 Typ		3216, 3225 Type
	Preconditioning			Thermal t	reatment (at 150°C for		
	Preheating	150°C, 1	to 2 min.		80 to 100°C, 2 to 5 m		80 to 100°C, 5 to 10 min.
	Solder temp.				150 to 200°C, 2 to 5 m 270±5°C	III1.	150 to 200°C, 5 to 10 min.
	Duration				3±0.5 sec.		
					J = 5.5 000.		

Recovery

24±2 hrs (Standard condition) Note 5

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14. Temperature C	ycle (Thermal Shock)						
Specified Value	Temperature Compensati	Appearance Capacitance change Q Insulation resistance Withstanding voltage	: Wi : Ini : Ini	o abnormality thin ±2.5% or ±0.25 tial value tial value tween terminals): N		ırger.	
Specified Value	High Permittivity(Class2	Permittivity (Class2) Note 1		: With : Initi : Initi	abnormality nin ±7.5% al value al value ween terminals): No	o abnormality	
			Class 1		С	ass 2	
	Preconditioning		None			t (at 150°C for 1 ote 2	hr)
Test Methods and Remarks	1 cycle	Step 1 2 3 4	1 Minimum operating 2 Normal tempe 3 Maximum operating			Time (min.)  30±3 2 to 3  30±3 2 to 3	
	Number of cycles			50 tii	mes		
	Recovery	24±2hrs (8	Standard condition)Note	5	24±2 hrs(Stand	ard condition)Not	.e 5

15. Humidity (Stea	ady State)			
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(Class1)		Appearance Capacitance change Q Insulation resistance	: No abnormality : Within $\pm 5\%$ or $\pm 0.5$ pF, whichever is larger. : C<10pF: Q $\ge$ 200+10C 10 $\le$ C<30pF: Q $\ge$ 275+2.5C C $\ge$ 30pF:Q $\ge$ 350 (C:Nominal capacitance) : 1000 M $\Omega$ min.
	High Permittivity (Class2) Note 1		Appearance Capacitance change Dissipation factor Insulation resistance	: No abnormality : Within $\pm$ 12.5% : 5.0% max. : 50 M $\Omega$ $\mu$ F or 1000 M $\Omega$ whichever is smaller.
Test Methods and Remarks	Preconditioning Temperature Humidity Duration Recovery	: 40±2°C : 90 to 95%RH : 500+24/-0 hrs		ote 2 (Only High permittivity)

16. Humidity Loadi	ng	
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(Class	Appearance : No abnormality  Capacitance change : Within $\pm 7.5\%$ or $\pm 0.75 pF$ , whichever is larger.  Q: $C < 30 pF : Q \ge 100 + 10 C/3$ $C \ge 30 pF : Q \ge 200$ (C: Nominal capacitance)  Insulation resistance : $500 \text{ M}\Omega$ min.
	High Permittivity (Class2) Note	Appearance : No abnormality  Capacitance change : Within $\pm 12.5\%$ Dissipation factor : $5.0\%$ max.  Insulation resistance : $25$ M $\Omega$ $\mu$ F or $500$ M $\Omega$ , whichever is smaller.
Test Methods and Remarks	Temperature : 6 Humidity : 9 Duration : 5 Applied voltage : F Charge/discharge current : 5	Voltage treatment (Rated voltage are applied for 1 hour at $40^{\circ}$ C) Note 1,3 (Only High permittivity) $60\pm2^{\circ}$ C 00 to 95%RH $600+24/-0$ hrs Rated voltage $60$ mA max. $600+24/-0$ hrs (Standard condition) Note 1,5

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17. High Temperati	ure Loading					
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(Class1)	Appearance Capacitance change Q Insulation resistance	: No abnormality : Within ±3% or ±0.3pF, whichever is larger. : C<10pF: Q≥200+10C 10≤C<30pF:Q≥275+2.5C C≥30pF: Q≥350(C:Nominal capacitance) : 1000 MΩ min.			
	High Permittivity (Class2) Note 1	Appearance Capacitance change Dissipation factor Insulation resistance	: No abnormality : Within $\pm$ 12.5% : 5.0% max. : 50 M $\Omega$ $\mu$ F or 1000 M $\Omega$ , whichever is smaller.			
Test Methods and Remarks	Note 1 Temperature :Maximu Duration :1000+2 Applied voltage : Rated Charge/discharge current :50mA n	:Voltage treatment (Twice the rated voltage shall be applied for 1 hour at 85°C, 105°C or 125°C)  Note 1,3,4 (Only High permittivity)  :Maximum operating temperature  :1000+24/-0 hrs  : Rated voltage × 2 Note 4  : 50mA max.  : 24±2 hrs (Standard condition) Note 1,5				

- Note 1 The figures indicate typical specifications. Please refer to individual specifications in detail.
- Note 2 Thermal treatment : Initial value shall be measured after test sample is heat-treated at  $150 \pm 0/-10^{\circ}$ C for an hour and kept at room temperature for  $24 \pm 2$ hours.
- Note 3 Voltage treatment: Initial value shall be measured after test sample is voltage-treated for an hour at both the temperature and voltage specified in the test conditions, and kept at room temperature for 24±2hours.
- Note 4 150% of rated voltage is applicable to some items. Please refer to their specifications for further information.
- Note 5 Standard condition: Temperature: 5 to 35°C, Relative humidity: 45 to 85 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa When there are questions concerning measurement results, in order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted under the following condition.
  - Temperature:  $20\pm2^{\circ}$ C, Relative humidity: 60 to 70 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition".

#### PRECAUTIONS

#### 1. Circuit Design

- ◆Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance
  - 1. A malfunction of equipment in fields such as medical, aerospace, nuclear control, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications

Therefore, any capacitors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and reliability, and shall be clearly differentiated from them used in general purpose applications.

#### Precautions

- ◆Operating Voltage (Verification of Rated voltage)
  - 1. The operating voltage for capacitors must always be their rated voltage or less.
    - If an AC voltage is loaded on a DC voltage, the sum of the two peak voltages shall be the rated voltage or less.
  - For a circuit where an AC or a pulse voltage may be used, the sum of their peak voltages shall also be the rated voltage or less.

    2. Even if an applied voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequency
  - 2. Even if an applied voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequence AC voltage or a pulse voltage having rapid rise time is used in a circuit.

## 2. PCB Design

Precautions

- ◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
  - 1. When capacitors are mounted on PCBs, the amount of solder used (size of fillet) can directly affect the capacitor performance. Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of land patterns:
    - (1) Excessive solder applied can cause mechanical stresses which lead to chip breaking or cracking. Therefore, please consider appropriate land-patterns for proper amount of solder.
    - (2) When more than one component are jointly soldered onto the same land, each component's soldering point shall be separated by solder-resist.
- ◆Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)

After capacitors are mounted on boards, they can be subjected to mechanical stresses in subsequent manufacturing processes (PCB cutting, board inspection, mounting of additional parts, assembly into the chassis, wave soldering of the boards, etc.). For this reason, land pattern configurations and positions of capacitors shall be carefully considered to minimize stresses.

◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)

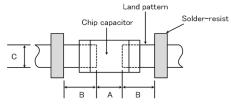
The following diagrams and tables show some examples of recommended land patterns to prevent excessive solder amounts.

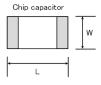
- (1) Recommended land dimensions for typical chip capacitors
- Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors : Recommended land dimensions (unit: mm)

Wave-soldering

Type 1608		1608 2012		3225	
L	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2	
W	0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5	
	0.8 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.4	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5	
	0.5 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.5	0.8 to 1.7	0.8 to 1.7	
	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.2	1.2 to 1.6	1.8 to 2.5	
	L	L 1.6 W 0.8 0.8 to 1.0 0.5 to 0.8	L         1.6         2.0           W         0.8         1.25           0.8 to 1.0         1.0 to 1.4           0.5 to 0.8         0.8 to 1.5	L         1.6         2.0         3.2           W         0.8         1.25         1.6           0.8 to 1.0         1.0 to 1.4         1.8 to 2.5           0.5 to 0.8         0.8 to 1.5         0.8 to 1.7	

Land patterns for PCBs





# Technical considerations

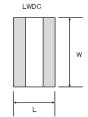
## Reflow-soldering

	TOTAL STATE IN STATE									
Туре		0201	0402	0603	1005	1608	2012	3216	3225	4532
Size	L	0.25	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2	4.5
	W	0.125	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5	3.2
Α		0.095~0.135	0.15~0.25	0.20~0.30	0.45~0.55	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.2	1.8~2.5	1.8~2.5	2.5~3.5
В		0.085~0.125	0.10~0.20	0.20~0.30	0.40~0.50	0.6~0.8	0.8~1.2	1.0~1.5	1.0~1.5	1.5~1.8
С		0.110~0.150	0.15~0.30	0.25~0.40	0.45~0.55	0.6~0.8	0.9~1.6	1.2~2.0	1.8~3.2	2.3~3.5

Note: Recommended land size might be different according to the allowance of the size of the product.

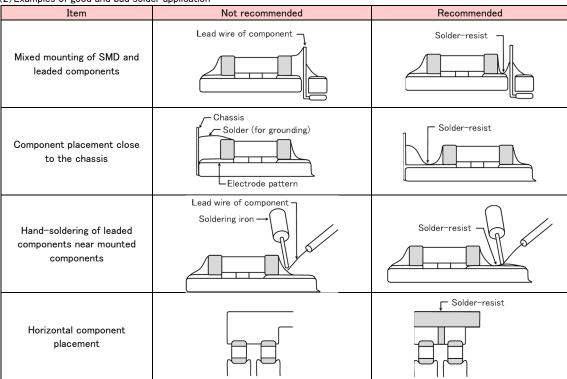
● LWDC: Recommended land dimensions for reflow-soldering (unit: mm)

Туре		0510	0816	1220	
Size	┙	0.52	0.8	1.25	
Size	W	1.0	1.6	2.0	
Α		0.18~0.22	0.25~0.3	0.5~0.7	
В		0.2~0.25	0.3~0.4	0.4~0.5	
С		0.9~1.1	1.5~1.7	1.9~2.1	

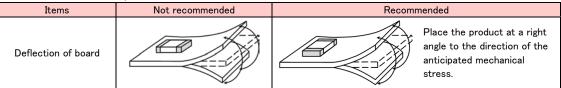


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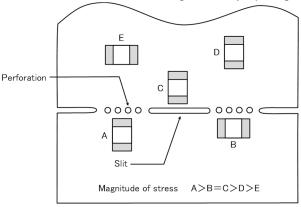
(2) Examples of good and bad solder application



- ◆Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)
  - 1-1. The following is examples of good and bad capacitor layouts; capacitors shall be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.



1-2. The amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on capacitor layout. Please refer to diagram below.



1-3. When PCB is split, the amount of mechanical stress on the capacitors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, please consider the PCB, split methods as well as chip location.

#### 3. Mounting

- ◆Adjustment of mounting machine
  - 1. When capacitors are mounted on PCB, excessive impact load shall not be imposed on them.
  - 2. Maintenance and inspection of mounting machines shall be conducted periodically.

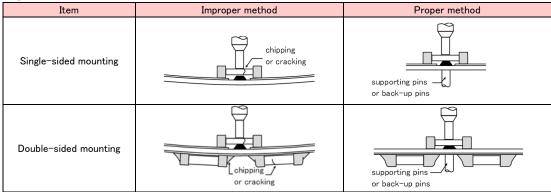
#### Precautions

- ◆Selection of Adhesives
  - 1. When chips are attached on PCBs with adhesives prior to soldering, it may cause capacitor characteristics degradation unless the following factors are appropriately checked: size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, please contact us for further information.

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#### ◆Adjustment of mounting machine

- 1. When the bottom dead center of a pick-up nozzle is too low, excessive force is imposed on capacitors and causes damages. To avoid this, the following points shall be considerable.
  - (1) The bottom dead center of the pick-up nozzle shall be adjusted to the surface level of PCB without the board deflection.
  - (2) The pressure of nozzle shall be adjusted between 1 and 3 N static loads.
  - (3) To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins shall be used on the other side of the PCB. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good and bad pick-up nozzle placement:



# Technical considerations

2. As the alignment pin is worn out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of capacitors because of mechanical impact on the capacitors.

To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pins in the stopped position, maintenance, check and replacement of the pin shall be conducted periodically.

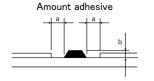
#### ◆Selection of Adhesives

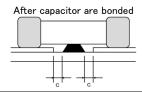
Some adhesives may cause IR deterioration. The different shrinkage percentage of between the adhesive and the capacitors may result in stresses on the capacitors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect components. Therefore, the following precautions shall be noted in the application of adhesives.

- (1) Required adhesive characteristics
  - a. The adhesive shall be strong enough to hold parts on the board during the mounting & solder process.
  - b. The adhesive shall have sufficient strength at high temperatures.
  - c. The adhesive shall have good coating and thickness consistency.
  - d. The adhesive shall be used during its prescribed shelf life.
  - e. The adhesive shall harden rapidly.
  - f. The adhesive shall have corrosion resistance.
  - g. The adhesive shall have excellent insulation characteristics.
  - h. The adhesive shall have no emission of toxic gasses and no effect on the human body.
- (2) The recommended amount of adhesives is as follows;

#### [Recommended condition]

Figure	2012/3216 case sizes as examples
а	0.3mm min
b	100 to 120 $\mu$ m
С	Adhesives shall not contact land





# 4. Soldering

Precautions

Technical

considerations

#### ◆Selection of Flu

Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of capacitors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use;

- (1) Flux used shall be less than or equal to 0.1 wt%( in CI equivalent) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content shall not be applied.
- (2) When shall capacitors are soldered on boards, the amount of flux applied shall be controlled at the optimum level.
- (3) When water-soluble flux is used, special care shall be taken to properly clean the boards.

#### ◆Soldering

Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. shall be set in accordance with their recommended conditions.

Sn-Zn solder paste can adversely affect MLCC reliability.

Please contact us prior to usage of Sn-Zn solder.

## ◆Selection of Flux

# 1-1. When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate flux, or highly acidic flux is used, it may lead to corrosion of terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surfaces of the capacitors.

- 1-2. Flux is used to increase solderability in wave soldering. However if too much flux is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may adversely affect the solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system.
- 1-3. Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved in moisture in the air, the residues on the surfaces of capacitors in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and reliability of the capacitors. Therefore, the cleaning methods

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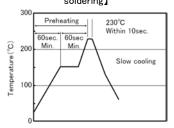
and the capability of the machines used shall also be considered carefully when water-soluble flux is used.

#### **♦**Soldering

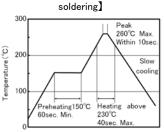
- · Ceramic chip capacitors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling.
- · Therefore, the soldering must be conducted with great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal shock
- Preheating: Capacitors shall be preheated sufficiently, and the temperature difference between the capacitors and solder shall be within 130°C.
- · Cooling: The temperature difference between the capacitors and cleaning process shall not be greater than 100°C.

#### [Reflow soldering]

【Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering】

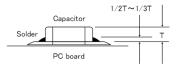


[Recommended condition for Pb-free



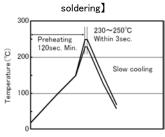
#### Caution

- ①The ideal condition is to have solder mass (fillet) controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of a capacitor.
- ②Because excessive dwell times can adversely affect solderability, soldering duration shall be kept as close to recommended times as possible, soldering for 2 times.

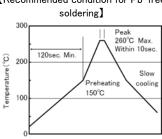


## [Wave soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic



# [Recommended condition for Pb-free

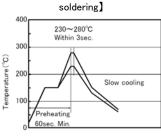


## Caution

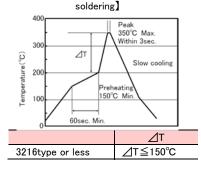
①Wave soldering must not be applied to capacitors designated as for reflow soldering only. soldering for 1 times.

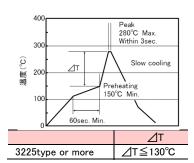
# [Hand soldering]

[Recommended conditions for eutectic



## [Recommended condition for Pb-free





# Caution

- ①Use a 50W soldering iron with a maximum tip diameter of 1.0 mm.
- ②The soldering iron shall not directly touch capacitors. soldering for 1 times.

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#### 5. Cleaning ◆Cleaning conditions 1. When PCBs are cleaned after capacitors mounting, please select the appropriate cleaning solution in accordance with the intended use Precautions of the cleaning. (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.) 2. Cleaning condition shall be determined after it is verified by using actual cleaning machine that the cleaning process does not affect capacitor's characteristics. 1. The use of inappropriate cleaning solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to capacitors or deteriorate their outer coating, resulting in a degradation of the capacitor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance). 2. Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may adversely affect the performance of the capacitors. In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of PCBs which may lead to the cracking of Technical capacitors or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Therefore, the following conditions shall be carefully considerations checked; 20 W/l or les Ultrasonic output: Ultrasonic frequency: 40 kHz or less Ultrasonic washing period: 5 min. or less

#### 6. Resin coating and mold 1. With some type of resins, decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the hardening period or while left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the capacitor's performance. Precautions 2. When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than capacitor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excessive heat may lead to damage or destruction of capacitors. The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended.

7. Handling	
Precautions	<ul> <li>◆Splitting of PCB</li> <li>1. When PCBs are split after components mounting, care shall be taken so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board.</li> <li>2. Board separation shall not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices.</li> <li>◆Mechanical considerations</li> <li>Be careful not to subject capacitors to excessive mechanical shocks.</li> <li>(1) If ceramic capacitors are dropped onto a floor or a hard surface, they shall not be used.</li> <li>(2) Please be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.</li> </ul>

	♦Storage					
	To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep packaging materials in good condition, care must be taken to control temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible.      Recommended conditions					
	Ambient temperature : Below 30°C Humidity : Below 70% RH					
Precautions	The ambient temperature must be kept below 40°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, solderability of capacitor is deteriorated as time passes, so capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.					
	•Ceramic chip capacitors shall be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.					
	2. The capacitance values of high dielectric constant capacitors will gradually decrease with the passage of time, so care shall be taken to design circuits. Even if capacitance value decreases as time passes, it will get back to the initial value by a heat treatment at 150°C for 1hour.					
Technical considerations	If capacitors are stored in a high temperature and humidity environment, it might rapidly cause poor solderability due to terminal oxidation and quality loss of taping/packaging materials. For this reason, capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the capacitors.					

Please check the guide regarding precautions for deflection test, soldering by spot heat, and so on.