

# Reference Specification

Leaded MLCC for Automotive (Powertrain/Safety)
RCE Series

Product specifications in this catalog are as of Apr. 2024, and are subject to change or obsolescence without notice.

Please consult the approval sheet before ordering. Please read rating and Cautions first.

## **⚠** CAUTION

#### 1. OPERATING VOLTAGE

Do not apply a voltage to the capacitor that exceeds the rated voltage as called out in the specifications.

- 1-1. Applied voltage between the terminals of a capacitor shall be less than or equal to the rated voltage.
- (1) When AC voltage is superimposed on DC voltage, the zero-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage. When AC voltage or pulse voltage is applied, the peak-to-peak voltage shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.
- (2) Abnormal voltages (surge voltage, static electricity, pulse voltage, etc.) shall not exceed the rated DC voltage.

Typical Voltage Applied to the DC Capacitor

DC Voltage	DC Voltage DC+AC Voltage		Pulse Voltage			
E	E	E	E			

(E: Maximum possible applied voltage.)

#### 1-2. Influence of over voltage

Over voltage that is applied to the capacitor may result in an electrical short circuit caused by the breakdown of the internal dielectric layers. The time duration until breakdown depends on the applied voltage and the ambient temperature.

Use a safety standard certified capacitor in a power supply input circuit (AC filter), as it is also necessary to consider the withstand voltage and impulse withstand voltage defined for each device.

#### 2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE AND SELF-GENERATED HEAT

Keep the surface temperature of a capacitor below the upper limit of its rated operating temperature range. Be sure to take into account the heat generated by the capacitor itself.

When the capacitor is used in a high-frequency current, pulse current or the like, it may have the self-generated heat due to dielectric-loss. In case of Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L, etc.), applied voltage should be the load such as self-generated heat is within 20 °C on <a href="mailto:the condition of atmosphere temperature 25">the condition of atmosphere temperature 25</a> °C.

Since the self-heating is low in the Class 1 capacitors (Temp.Char.: C0G,U2J,X8G, etc.), the allowable power becomes extremely high compared to the Class 2 capacitors.

However, when a load with self-heating of 20°C is applied at the rated voltage, the allowable power may be exceeded. Please confirm that there is no rising trend of the capacitor's surface temperature and that the surface temperature of the capacitor does not exceed the maximum operating temperature.

Excessive generation of heat may cause deterioration of the characteristics and reliability of the capacitor.

When measuring the self-heating temperature, be aware that accurate measurement may not be possible due to the following effects.

- The heat generated by other parts
- Air flow such as convection and cooling fans
- Temperature sensor used for measuring surface temperature of capacitor
   In the case using a thermocouple, it is recommended that use a K thermocouple of Φ0.1mm with less heat capacity.

#### 3. FAIL-SAFE

Capacitors that are cracked by dropping or bending of the board may cause deterioration of the insulation resistance, and result in a short.

If the circuit being used may cause an electrical shock, smoke or fire when a capacitor is shorted, be sure to install fail-safe functions, such as a fuse, to prevent secondary accidents.

#### 4. OPERATING AND STORAGE ENVIRONMENT

The insulating coating of capacitors does not form a perfect seal; therefore, do not use or store capacitors in a corrosive atmosphere, especially where chloride gas, sulfide gas, acid, alkali, salt or the like are present. And avoid exposure to moisture. Before cleaning, bonding, or molding this product, verify that these processes do not affect product quality by testing the performance of a cleaned, bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. Store the capacitors where the temperature and relative humidity do not exceed 5 to 40 °C and 20 to 70%. Use capacitors within 6 months.

Use capacitors within 6 months after delivered. Check the solderability after 6 months or more. Due to moisture condensation caused by rapid humidity changes, or the photochemical change caused by direct sunlight on the terminal electrodes, the solderability and electrical performance may deteriorate. Do not store capacitors under direct sunlight or in high humidity conditions.

#### 5. VIBRATION AND IMPACT

Do not expose a capacitor or its leads to excessive shock or vibration during use.

- 5-1. Mechanical shock due to being dropped may cause damage or a crack in the dielectric material of the capacitor.
  - Do not use a dropped capacitor because the quality and reliability may be deteriorated.
- 5-2. Excessive shock or vibration may cause to fatigue destruction of lead wires mounted on the circuit board. If necessary, take measures to hold a capacitor on the circuit boards by adhesive, molding resin or coating and other.
  - Please confirm there is no influence of holding measures on the product with an intended equipment.

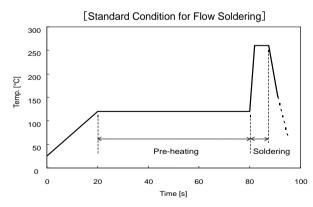
#### 6. SOLDERING

When soldering this product to a PCB/PWB, do not exceed the solder heat resistance specification of the capacitor. Subjecting this product to excessive heating could melt the internal junction solder and may result in thermal shocks that can crack the ceramic element.

Please verify that the soldering process does not affect the quality of capacitors.

#### 6-1. Flow Soldering

Soldering temperature :  $260 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  max. Soldering time :  $7.5 \, \text{s}$  max. Preheating temperature :  $120 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$  max. Preheating time :  $60 \, \text{s}$  max.



#### 6-2. Reflow Soldering

Do not apply reflow soldering.

#### 6-3. Soldering Iron

Temperature of iron-tip : 350 °C max.
Soldering iron wattage : 60 W max.
Soldering time : 3.5 s max.

#### 7. BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

In case of bonding, molding or coating this product, verify that these processes do not affect the quality of capacitor by testing the performance of a bonded or molded product in the intended equipment. In case of the amount of applications, dryness / hardening conditions of adhesives and molding resins containing organic solvents (ethyl acetate, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, etc.) are unsuitable, the outer coating resin of a capacitor is damaged by the organic solvents and it may result, worst case, in a short circuit.

The variation in thickness of adhesive or molding resin may cause a outer coating resin cracking and/or ceramic element cracking of a capacitor in a temperature cycling.

#### 8. TREATMENT AFTER BONDING AND RESIN MOLDING, RESIN COAT

When the outer coating is hot (over 100 °C) after soldering, it becomes soft and fragile.

So please be careful not to give it mechanical stress.

Failure to follow the above cautions may result, worst case, in a short circuit and cause fuming or partial dispersion when the product is used.

#### 9. LIMITATION OF APPLICATIONS

The products listed in the specification(hereinafter the product(s) is called as the "Product(s)") are designed and manufactured for applications specified in the specification. (hereinafter called as the "Specific Application")

We shall not warrant anything in connection with the Products including fitness, performance, adequateness, safety, or quality, in the case of applications listed in from (1) to (11) written at the end of this precautions, which may generally require high performance, function, quality, management of production or safety.

Therefore, the Product shall be applied in compliance with the specific application.

WE DISCLAIM ANY LOSS AND DAMAGES ARISING FROM OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE PRODUCTS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE CASE SUCH LOSS AND DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE UNEXPECTED ACCIDENT, IN EVENT THAT (i) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR THE PURPOSE WHICH IS NOT SPECIFIED AS THE SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT, AND/OR (ii) THE PRODUCT IS APPLIED FOR ANY FOLLOWING APPLICATION PURPOSES FROM (1) TO (11) (EXCEPT THAT SUCH APPLICATION PURPOSE IS UNAMBIGUOUSLY SPECIFIED AS SPECIFIC APPLICATION FOR THE PRODUCT IN OUR CATALOG SPECIFICATION FORMS, DATASHEETS, OR OTHER DOCUMENTS OFFICIALLY ISSUED BY US\*)

- 1. Aircraft equipment
- 2. Aerospace equipment
- 3. Undersea equipment
- 4. Power plant control equipment
- 5. Medical equipment
- 6. Transportation equipment
- 7. Traffic control equipment
- 8. Disaster prevention/security equipment
- 9. Industrial data-processing equipment
- 10. Combustion/explosion control equipment
- 11. Equipment with complexity and/or required reliability equivalent to the applications listed in the above.

For exploring information of the Products which will be compatible with the particular purpose other than those specified in the specification, please contact our sales offices, distribution agents, or trading companies with which you make a deal, or via our web contact form.

Contact form: https://www.murata.com/contactform

\*We may design and manufacture particular Products for applications listed in (1) to (11). Provided that, in such case we shall unambiguously specify such Specific Application in the specification without any exception.

Therefore, any other documents and/or performances, whether exist or non-exist, shall not be deemed as the evidence to imply that we accept the applications listed in (1) to (11).

#### NOTICE

#### 1. CLEANING

- 1-1. Please evaluate the capacitor using actual cleaning equipment and conditions to confirm the quality, and select the solvent for cleaning.
- 1-2. Unsuitable cleaning may leave residual flux or other foreign substances, causing deterioration of electrical characteristics and the reliability of the capacitors.
- 1-3. To perform ultrasonic cleaning, observe the following conditions.

Rinse bath capacity: Output of 20 watts per liter or less.

Rinsing time: 5 min maximum.

Do not vibrate the PCB/PWB directly.

Excessive ultrasonic cleaning may lead to fatigue destruction of the lead wires.

## 2. SOLDERING AND MOUNTING

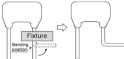
2-1. Insert the lead wire into the PCB with a distance appropriate to the lead space.

If the lead wires are inserted into different spacing holes, cracks may occur in the outer resin or the

internal element.

2-2. When bending the lead wire, excessive force applied to the capacitor body may cause cracks in the outer resin or the internal element. Hold the lead wire closer to the capacitor body than the lead wire bending position with the fixture, then bend it.

(See the right figure)



- 2-3. When cutting and clinching the lead wire, do not apply excessive force to the capacitor body.
- 2-4. When soldering, insert the lead wire into the PCB without mechanically stressing the lead wire.

#### 3. CAPACITANCE CHANGE OF CAPACITORS

Class 2 capacitors (Temp.Char. : X7R,X7S,X8L etc.)

Class 2 capacitors an aging characteristic, whereby the capacitor continually decreases its capacitance slightly if the capacitor leaves for a long time. Moreover, capacitance might change greatly depending on a surrounding temperature or an applied voltage. So, it is not likely to be able to use for the time constant circuit.

Please contact us if you need a detail information.

## 4. CHARACTERISTICS EVALUATION IN THE ACTUAL SYSTEM

- 4-1. Evaluate the capacitor in the actual system, to confirm that there is no problem with the performance and specification values in a finished product before using.
- 4-2. Since a voltage dependency and temperature dependency exists in the capacitance of Class 2 ceramic capacitors, the capacitance may change depending on the operating conditions in the actual system. Therefore, be sure to evaluate the various characteristics, such as the leakage current and noise absorptivity, which will affect the capacitance value of the capacitor.
- 4-3. In addition, voltages exceeding the predetermined surge may be applied to the capacitor by the inductance in the actual system.

Evaluate the surge resistance in the actual system as required.

4-4. When using Class 2 ceramic capacitors in AC or pulse circuits, the capacitor itself vibrates at specific frequencies and noise may be generated. Moreover, when the mechanical vibration or shock is added to capacitor, noise may occur.

#### $\triangle$ NOTE

- 1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated in view of your specifications with our product being mounted to your product.
- 2. You are requested not to use our product deviating from this product specification.

#### 1. Application

This product specification is applied to Leaded MLCC RCE series.

- 1. Specific applications:
- Automotive powertrain/safety equipment: Products that can be used for automotive equipment related to running, turning, stopping, safety devices, etc., or equipment whose structure, equipment, and performance are legally required to meet technical standards for safety assurance or environmental protection.
- ·Automotive infotainment/comfort equipment: Products that can be used for automotive equipment such as car navigation systems and car audio systems that do not directly relate to human life and whose structure, equipment, and performance are not specifically required by law to meet technical standards for safety assurance or environmental protection.
- · Medial Equipment [GHTF A/B/C] except for Implant Equipment: Products suitable for use in medical devices designated under the GHTF international classifications as Class A or Class B (the functions of which are not directly involved in protection of human life or property) or in medical devices other than implants designated under the GHTF international classifications as Class C (the malfunctioning of which is considered to pose a comparatively high risk to the human body).
- 2. Unsuitable Application: Applications listed in "Limitation of applications" in this product specification.

#### 2. Rating

• Part Number Configuration

ex.) RCE 5C 2E 223 K1 H03 Capacitance Individual Package Series Temperature Rated Capacitance Dimension Lead Characteristics Tolerance (LxW) Specification Voltage Style

Temperature Characteristics

 	- •				
Code	Temp. Char.	Temp. Range	Temp.coef.	Standard Temp.	Operating Temp. Range
5C	C0G	-55∼25°C	0+30/-72ppm/°C	25°C	-55∼125°C
5C	(EIA code)	25∼125°C	0+/-30ppm/°C	25 C	-55° 125 C

Rated Voltage

ou ronago	
Code	Rated voltage
2E	DC250V
2J	DC630V
3A	DC1000V

#### Capacitance

The first two digits denote significant figures; the last digit denotes the multiplier of 10 in pF. ex.) In case of 223.

$$22 \times 10^3 = 22000 \text{ pF}$$

• Capacitance Tolerance

Code	Capacitance Tolerance
J	+/-5%

## Dimension (LxW)

Please refer to [ Part number list ].

## Lead Style

\*Lead wire is "solder coated CP wire".

Code	Lead Style	Lead spacing (mm)
K1	Inside crimp type	5.0+/-0.8
M1	Inside crimp taping type	5.0+0.6/-0.2

## • Individual Specification

Murata's control code.

Please refer to [ Part number list ].

## Package

Code	Package
Α	Taping type of Ammo
В	Bulk type

## 3. Marking

Temp. char. : Letter code : A (C0G Char.)

Capacitance : Actual numbers (Less than 100pF)

3 digit numbers (100pF and over)

Capacitance tolerance : Code

Rated voltage : Letter code : 4 (DC250V. Except dimension code : 1)

Letter code: 7 (DC630V. Except dimension code: 1)

Letter code: A (DC1000V.)

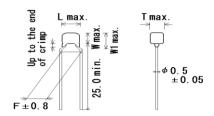
Company name code : Abbreviation : (Except dimension code : 1)

(Ex.)

(EX.)			
Rated voltage  Dimension code	DC250V	DC630V	DC1000V
1	A 102J	A 102J	_
2	(M <sup>223</sup> ) J4A	<b>G</b> 472	(M)102 JAA

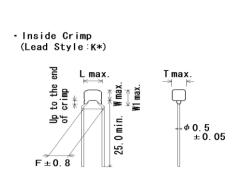
#### 4. Part number list

- Inside Crimp (Lead Style:K\*)



Unit : mm

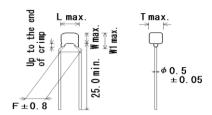
Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Cap.	Сар.		Dime	ension (	mm)		Dimension (LxW)	Pac	
Part Number	Murata Fait Number	1.0.	Volt. (V)	Сар.	Tol.	L	W	W1	FT		Lead Style		
	RCE5C2E100J1K1H03B	C0G	250	10pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50	
	RCE5C2E120J1K1H03B	C0G	250	12pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50	
	RCE5C2E150J1K1H03B	C0G	250	15pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50	
	RCE5C2E180J1K1H03B	C0G	250	18pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50	
	RCE5C2E220J1K1H03B	C0G	250	22pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E270J1K1H03B	C0G	250	27pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E330J1K1H03B	C0G	250	33pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E390J1K1H03B	C0G	250	39pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E470J1K1H03B	C0G	250	47pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E560J1K1H03B	C0G	250	56pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E680J1K1H03B	C0G	250	68pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E820J1K1H03B	C0G	250	82pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E101J1K1H03B	C0G	250	100pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E121J1K1H03B	C0G	250	120pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	Ę	
	RCE5C2E151J1K1H03B	C0G	250	150pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1		
	RCE5C2E181J1K1H03B	C0G	250	180pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1		
	RCE5C2E221J1K1H03B	C0G	250	220pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	Ę	
	RCE5C2E271J1K1H03B	C0G	250	270pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1		
	RCE5C2E331J1K1H03B	C0G	250	330pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1		
	RCE5C2E391J1K1H03B	COG	250	390pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1		
	RCE5C2E471J1K1H03B	COG	250	470pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	Ę	
	RCE5C2E561J1K1H03B	C0G	250	560pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1		
	RCE5C2E681J1K1H03B	COG	250	680pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E821J1K1H03B	COG	250	820pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E102J1K1H03B	COG	250	1000pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E122J1K1H03B	COG	250	1200pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	ţ	
	RCE5C2E152J1K1H03B	COG	250	1500pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1		
	RCE5C2E182J1K1H03B	COG	250	1800pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E222J1K1H03B	COG	250	2200pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E272J1K1H03B	C0G	250	2700pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E332J1K1H03B	C0G	250	3300pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E392J1K1H03B	C0G	250	3900pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E472J1K1H03B	C0G	250	4700pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	Ę	
	RCE5C2E562J1K1H03B	COG	250	5600pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E682J1K1H03B	COG	250	6800pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15		5	
	RCE5C2E822J1K1H03B	C0G	250	8200pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E103J1K1H03B	COG	250	10000pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5	
	RCE5C2E123J2K1H03B	COG	250	12000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15		5	
	RCE5C2E153J2K1H03B	C0G	250	15000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15		5	
	RCE5C2E183J2K1H03B	C0G	250	18000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5	



Unit : mm

Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Cap.	Сар.		Dime		Dimension (LxW)	Pack qty.		
Part Number	Warata Fatt Namber	1.0.	Volt. (V)	Оар.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	Lead Style	
	RCE5C2E223J2K1H03B	C0G	250	22000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	50
	RCE5C2J100J1K1H03B	C0G	630	10pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RCE5C2J120J1K1H03B	C0G	630	12pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RCE5C2J150J1K1H03B	C0G	630	15pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	50
	RCE5C2J180J1K1H03B	C0G	630	18pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J220J1K1H03B	COG	630	22pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J270J1K1H03B	C0G	630	27pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J330J1K1H03B	C0G	630	33pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J390J1K1H03B	C0G	630	39pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J470J1K1H03B	C0G	630	47pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J560J1K1H03B	C0G	630	56pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J680J1K1H03B	C0G	630	68pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J820J1K1H03B	C0G	630	82pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J101J1K1H03B	C0G	630	100pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J121J1K1H03B	C0G	630	120pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J151J1K1H03B	C0G	630	150pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	Ę
	RCE5C2J181J1K1H03B	C0G	630	180pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J221J1K1H03B	C0G	630	220pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J271J1K1H03B	C0G	630	270pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J331J1K1H03B	C0G	630	330pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J391J1K1H03B	C0G	630	390pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J471J1K1H03B	COG	630	470pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J561J1K1H03B	C0G	630	560pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J681J1K1H03B	COG	630	680pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J821J1K1H03B	COG	630	820pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J102J1K1H03B	C0G	630	1000pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J122J1K1H03B	C0G	630	1200pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	- 5
	RCE5C2J152J1K1H03B	COG	630	1500pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J182J1K1H03B	C0G	630	1800pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J222J1K1H03B	C0G	630	2200pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	1K1	5
	RCE5C2J272J2K1H03B	COG	630	2700pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCE5C2J332J2K1H03B	COG	630	3300pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCE5C2J392J2K1H03B	COG	630	3900pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCE5C2J472J2K1H03B	C0G	630	4700pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	5
	RCE5C3A100J2K1H03B	COG	1000	10pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15		5
	RCE5C3A120J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	12pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15		5
	RCE5C3A150J2K1H03B	COG	1000	15pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15		5
	RCE5C3A180J2K1H03B	COG	1000	18pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15		5
	RCE5C3A220J2K1H03B	COG	1000	22pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15		5
	RCE5C3A270J2K1H03B	COG	1000	27pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15		5

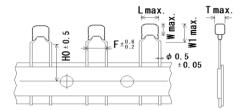
- Inside Crimp (Lead Style:K\*)



Unit: mm

											O	
Customer	Murata Dart Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Con	Cap.		Dime	ension (	mm)		Dimension	
Part Number	Murata Part Number	1.0.	Volt. (V)	Сар.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	(LxW) Lead Style	qty. (pcs)
	RCE5C3A330J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	33pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A390J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	39pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A470J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	47pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A560J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	56pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A680J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	68pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A820J2K1H03B	COG	1000	82pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A101J2K1H03B	COG	1000	100pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A121J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	120pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A151J2K1H03B	COG	1000	150pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A181J2K1H03B	COG	1000	180pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A221J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	220pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A271J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	270pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A331J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	330pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A391J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	390pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A471J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	470pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A561J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	560pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A681J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	680pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A821J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	820pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500
	RCE5C3A102J2K1H03B	C0G	1000	1000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	2K1	500

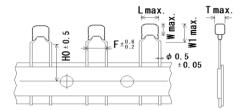
## Inside Crimp Taping (Lead Style: M\*)



Unit : mm

												Unit : mm	
Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Cap.	Cap.		D	imensi	on (mr	n)		Dimension (LxW)	Pa
Part Number	marata r anvivamber		Volt. (V)	oup.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	H/H0	Lead Style	
	RCE5C2E100J1M1H03A	C0G	250	10pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E120J1M1H03A	C0G	250	12pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E150J1M1H03A	C0G	250	15pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E180J1M1H03A	C0G	250	18pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E220J1M1H03A	C0G	250	22pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E270J1M1H03A	C0G	250	27pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E330J1M1H03A	C0G	250	33pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E390J1M1H03A	C0G	250	39pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E470J1M1H03A	C0G	250	47pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E560J1M1H03A	C0G	250	56pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E680J1M1H03A	C0G	250	68pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E820J1M1H03A	C0G	250	82pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E101J1M1H03A	C0G	250	100pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E121J1M1H03A	C0G	250	120pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E151J1M1H03A	C0G	250	150pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E181J1M1H03A	C0G	250	180pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E221J1M1H03A	C0G	250	220pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E271J1M1H03A	C0G	250	270pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E331J1M1H03A	C0G	250	330pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E391J1M1H03A	C0G	250	390pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E471J1M1H03A	C0G	250	470pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E561J1M1H03A	C0G	250	560pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E681J1M1H03A	C0G	250	680pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E821J1M1H03A	C0G	250	820pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E102J1M1H03A	C0G	250	1000pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E122J1M1H03A	C0G	250	1200pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E152J1M1H03A	C0G	250	1500pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E182J1M1H03A	C0G	250	1800pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E222J1M1H03A	COG	250	2200pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E272J1M1H03A	C0G	250	2700pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E332J1M1H03A	C0G	250	3300pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	2
	RCE5C2E392J1M1H03A	C0G	250	3900pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E472J1M1H03A	COG	250	4700pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2E562J1M1H03A	COG		5600pF	±5%	4.0	3.5				16.0		2
	RCE5C2E682J1M1H03A	COG	250	6800pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0				20
	RCE5C2E822J1M1H03A	COG	250	8200pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0				20
	RCE5C2E103J1M1H03A	COG	250	10000pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0			1M1	20
	RCE5C2E123J2M1H03A	COG	250	12000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0		16.0	2M1	20
	RCE5C2E153J2M1H03A	COG	250	15000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0		16.0		20
	RCE5C2E183J2M1H03A	COG		госоорі	_0 /0	5.5	4.0	5.0	5.5	3.15	16.0	Z.VI.	20

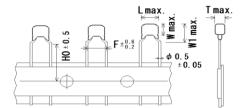
## Inside Crimp Taping (Lead Style: M\*)



Unit : mm

												Unit : mm	
Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated	Cap.	Cap.		D		Dimension (LxW)	Pac qty			
Part Number			Volt. (V)	oup.	Tol.	L	W	W1	F	Т	H/H0	Lead Style	
	RCE5C2E223J2M1H03A	C0G	250	22000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	200
	RCE5C2J100J1M1H03A	C0G	630	10pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RCE5C2J120J1M1H03A	C0G	630	12pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RCE5C2J150J1M1H03A	C0G	630	15pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	200
	RCE5C2J180J1M1H03A	C0G	630	18pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2J220J1M1H03A	C0G	630	22pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2J270J1M1H03A	C0G	630	27pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2J330J1M1H03A	C0G	630	33pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2J390J1M1H03A	C0G	630	39pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2J470J1M1H03A	C0G	630	47pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2J560J1M1H03A	C0G	630	56pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2J680J1M1H03A	C0G	630	68pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2J820J1M1H03A	C0G	630	82pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2J101J1M1H03A	C0G	630	100pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	1M1	20
	RCE5C2J121J1M1H03A	COG	630	120pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J151J1M1H03A	COG	630	150pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J181J1M1H03A	COG	630	180pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J221J1M1H03A	COG	630	220pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J271J1M1H03A	COG	630	270pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J331J1M1H03A	COG	630	330pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J391J1M1H03A	COG	630	390pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J471J1M1H03A	COG	630	470pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J561J1M1H03A	COG	630	560pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J681J1M1H03A	COG	630	680pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J821J1M1H03A	COG	630	820pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J102J1M1H03A	COG	630	1000pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
		COG				4.0	3.5						20
	RCE5C2J122J1M1H03A		630	1200pF	±5%	-		5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		
	RCE5C2J152J1M1H03A	C0G C0G	630	1500pF	±5%	4.0	3.5 3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J182J1M1H03A		630	1800pF	±5%			5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J222J1M1H03A	C0G	630	2200pF	±5%	4.0	3.5	5.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J272J2M1H03A	C0G	630	2700pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J332J2M1H03A	C0G	630	3300pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J392J2M1H03A	COG	630	3900pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0		20
	RCE5C2J472J2M1H03A	C0G		4700pF	±5%	5.5	4.0				16.0		20
	RCE5C3A100J2M1H03A	COG	1000	10pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0				20
	RCE5C3A120J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	12pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0		16.0		20
	RCE5C3A150J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	15pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0				20
	RCE5C3A180J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	18pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0				20
	RCE5C3A220J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	22pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0		16.0	2M1	20
	RCE5C3A270J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	27pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	20

 Inside Crimp Taping (Lead Style: M\*)



Unit: mm

												Office Hilling	
Customer	Murata Part Number	T.C.	DC Rated Volt. (V)	Сар.	Cap. Tol.	Dimension (mm)					Dimension (LxW)	Pack qty.	
Part Number						٦	W	W1	F	Т	H/H0	. ` . a.' .	
	RCE5C3A330J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	33pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A390J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	39pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A470J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	47pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A560J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	56pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A680J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	68pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A820J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	82pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A101J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	100pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A121J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	120pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A151J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	150pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A181J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	180pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A221J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	220pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A271J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	270pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A331J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	330pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A391J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	390pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A471J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	470pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A561J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	560pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A681J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	680pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A821J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	820pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000
	RCE5C3A102J2M1H03A	C0G	1000	1000pF	±5%	5.5	4.0	6.0	5.0	3.15	16.0	2M1	2000

· ).	ecification Test	Test Item Specification		Test Method (Compliant Standard:AEC-Q200)						
	Pre-and Post-S	Stress		(**************************************						
	Electrical Test			•						
2	High	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Sit the capacitor for 1000±12h at 150±3°C. Let sit for 24±2h at						
	Temperature	Capacitance	Within ±3% or ±0.3pF	*room condition, then measure.						
	Exposure	Change	(Whichever is larger)							
	(Storage)	Q	30pF ≦ C : Q ≧ 350							
	, ,		10pF ≦ C < 30pF : Q ≧ 275+5C/2							
			10pF > C : Q ≧ 200+10C							
			'							
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)							
		I.R.	More than 1,000MΩ or 50 MΩ•μF							
			(Whichever is smaller)							
3	Temperature	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Perform the 1000 cycles according to the four heat treatments						
	Cycling	Capacitance	Within ±5% or ±0.5pF	listed in the following table. Let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition,						
		Change	(Whichever is larger)	then measure.						
		Q	30pF ≦ C : Q ≧ 350	<b>–</b>						
			10pF ≤ C < 30pF : Q ≥ 275+5C/2	Step 1 2 3 4						
			10pF > C : Q ≧ 200+10C	Temp.   -55+0/-3   Room   125+3/-0   Room   Temp.						
				(°C) Temp. Temp. Temp.						
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)	Time (min.) 15±3 1 15±3 1						
		I.R.	1,000MΩ or 50MΩ · μF min.	(min.) 1025 1 1025 1						
			(Whichever is smaller)							
ļ	Moisture	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Apply the 24h heat (25 to 65°C) and humidity (80 to 98%)						
	Resistance	Capacitance	Within ±5% or ± 0.5pF	treatment shown below, 10 consecutive times.						
		Change	(Whichever is larger)	Let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition, then measure.						
		Q	30pF ≤ C : Q ≥ 200	Temperature Humidity Humidity						
			30pF > C : Q ≧ 100+10C/3	(°C) Humidity 80~98% Humidity 80~98% Humidity						
				70 90~98% <b>V</b> 90~98% <b>V</b> 90~98%						
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)	65 60						
		I.R.	500MΩ or 25MΩ•μF min.	55						
			(Whichever is smaller)	950 1245 1245 1240 1250						
				1845 J						
				£35						
				30 ////////////////////////////////////						
				25 35 +10 +10						
				20 15 - 2°C						
				10 Initial measurement						
				5						
				0 -5						
				-10 One cycle 24 hours						
				0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23						
				0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 Hours						
5	Biased	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Apply the rated voltage and DC1.3+0.2/-0V (add 100kΩ resistor)						
	Humidity	Capacitance	Within ±5% or ± 0.5pF	at 85±3°C and 80 to 85% humidity for 1000±12h.						
		Change	(Whichever is larger)	Remove and let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition, then measure.						
		Q	30pF ≦ C : Q ≧ 200	The charge/discharge current is less than 50mA.						
			30pF > C : Q ≧ 100+10C/3							
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)	<b>_</b>						
		I.R.	500MΩ or 25MΩ•μF min.							
		1	(Whichever is smaller)							

No.	Tes	Test Item Specification		Test Method (Compliant Standard:AEC-Q200)				
6	Operational Appearance		No defects or abnormalities.	Apply voltage in Table for 1000±12h at 125±3°C.				
Ü	Life	Capacitance	Within ±3% or ±0.3pF	Let sit for 24±2 h at *room condition, then measure.				
	Liio	Change	(Whichever is larger)	The charge/discharge current is less than 50mA.				
		Q	$30pF \le C : Q \ge 350$	The charge decorate to look than com.				
		<u> </u>	$10pF \le C < 30pF : Q \ge 275+5C/2$	Rated Voltage Test Voltage				
			10pF > C : Q ≥ 200+10C	DC250V 150% of the rated voltage				
			10pi > 0 . Q ⊆ 200+100	DC630V, DC1kV 120% of the rated voltage				
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)					
		I.R.	1,000MΩ or 50MΩ·μF min.	<del></del>				
		I.K.	(Whichever is smaller)					
7	External Visua	<u> </u>	No defects or abnormalities.	Vigual inspection				
8				Visual inspection.				
	Physical Dime	nsion	Within the specified dimensions.	Using calipers and micrometers.				
9	Marking	T.	To be easily legible.	Visual inspection.				
10	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Per MIL-STD-202 Method 215				
	to Solvents	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.	Solvent 1 : 1 part (by volume) of isopropyl alcohol				
		Q	$30pF \le C : Q \ge 1,000$	3 parts (by volume) of mineral spirits				
			30pF > C : Q ≧ 400+20C	Solvent 2 : Terpene defluxer				
				Solvent 3 : 42 parts (by volume) of water				
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)	1part (by volume) of propylene glycol monomethyl ether				
		I.R.	More than 10,000MΩ or 500 MΩ•μF	1 part (by volume) of monoethanolamine				
			(Whichever is smaller)					
11	Mechanical	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Three shocks in each direction should be applied along 3				
	Shock	Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.	mutually perpendicular axes of the test specimen (18 shocks).				
		Q	30pF ≦ C : Q ≧ 1,000	The specified test pulse should be Half-sine and should have a				
			30pF > C : Q ≧ 400+20C	duration: 0.5ms, peak value: 1500G and velocity change: 4.7m/s.				
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)					
12	Vibration	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	The capacitor should be subjected to a simple harmonic motion				
		Capacitance	Within the specified tolerance.	having a total amplitude of 1.5mm, the frequency being varied				
		Q	30pF ≤ C : Q ≥ 1,000	uniformly between the approximate limits of 10 and 2000Hz.				
			30pF > C : Q ≧ 400+20C	The frequency range, from 10 to 2,000Hz and return to 10Hz,				
				should be traversed in approximately 20 min. This motion				
			C : Nominal Capacitance (pF)	should be applied for 12 items in each 3 mutually perpendicular				
				directions (total of 36 times).				
13-1	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	The lead wires should be immersed in the melted solder 1.5 to				
	to	Capacitance	Within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF	2.0mm from the root of terminal at 260±5°C for 10±1 seconds.				
	Soldering	Change	(Whichever is larger)					
	Heat	Dielectric	No defects	Post-treatment				
	(Non-	Strength		Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition.				
	Preheat)	(Between						
		terminals)						
13-2	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	First the capacitor should be stored at 120+0/-5°C for				
_	to	Capacitance	Within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF	60+0/-5 seconds. Then, the lead wires should be immersed in the				
	Soldering	Change	(Whichever is larger)	melted solder 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal at 260±5°C for				
	Heat	Dielectric	No defects	7.5+0/-1 seconds.				
	(On-	Strength						
	Preheat)	(Between		Post-treatment				
	]	terminals)		Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition.				
13-3	Resistance	Appearance	No defects or abnormalities.	Test condition				
.0.0	to	Capacitance	Within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF	Temperature of iron-tip: 350±10°C				
	Soldering	Change	(Whichever is larger)	Soldering time: 3.5±0.5 seconds				
	Heat	Dielectric	No defects					
	(soldering		ino delecto	Soldering position				
	iron method)	Strength		Straight Lead : 1.5 to 2.0mm from the root of terminal.				
	non method)	(Between		Crimp Lead: 1.5 to 2.0mm from the end of bend.				
		terminals)						
		1		Post-treatment				
				Capacitor should be stored for 24±2 hours at *room condition.				

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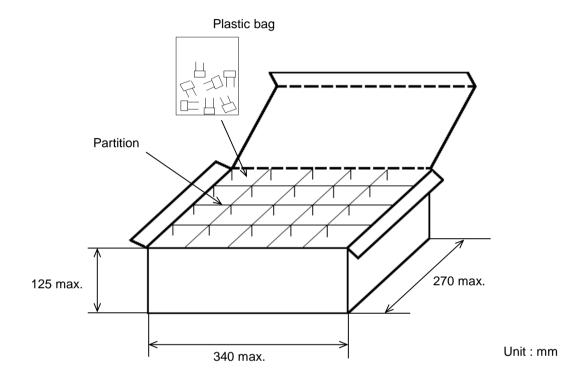
	Tes	Test Item Specification		Specification	Test Method (Compliant Standard:AEC-Q200)				
4	Thermal Appearance		No defects or abnormalities.		Perform the	e 300 cycles acco	rding to the tv	vo heat treatments liste	
	Shock	Capacitance	Within ±5% or	±0.5pF	in the follow	following table(Maximum transfer time is 20s.). Let sit for			
		Change	(Whichever is I	arger)	24±2 h at *	room condition, th	nen measure.		
		Q	30pF ≦ C : Q						
			· ·	_ 000 0pF : Q ≧ 275+5C/2		Step	1	2	
			10pF > C : Q ≧			Temp. (°C)	-55+0/-3	125+3/-0	
			C : Nominal Ca	apacitance (pF)		Time	15±3	15±3	
		I.R.	1,000MΩ or 50	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(min.)			
			(Whichever is smaller)						
15	ESD	Appearance	No defects or a	•	Per AEC-C	0200-002			
10	200	Capacitance	1	cified tolerance.		x200 002			
		Q	30pF ≦ C : Q		-				
			30pF > C : Q ≧						
			C : Nominal Ca	apacitance (pF)					
		I.R.		00MΩ or 500 MΩ·μF					
		(Whichever is smaller)		•					
16	Solderability	ļ	,	Ild be soldered with uniform	Should be	placed into steam	aging for 8h	±15 min.	
-				axial direction over 95% of the		al of capacitor is			
			circumferential			5% rosin in weight			
				<del></del>	,	n solder solution fo		nds.	
					In both cases the depth of dipping is up to about 1.5 to 2mm from the terminal body.				
					·				
					Temp. of solder: 245±5°C (Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu)				
17	Electrical	Appearance	No defects or a	bnormalities.	Visual insp	ection.			
	Characte-	Capacitance	Within the spec	cified tolerance.	The capacitance, Q should be measured at 25°C at the frequency				
	rization	Q	30pF ≤ C : Q ≥ 1,000		and voltage	e shown in the tab	ole.		
			30pF > C : Q ≧ 400+20C		П	Naminal Can		\/alta e a	
					-	Nominal Cap.	Frequency	Voltage	
							1±0.1MHz	AC0.5 to 5V(r.m.s.)	
			C : Nominal Ca	apacitance (pF)	-	C ≤ 1000pF	1.016	AC1.0.2\/rm.a.\	
			C : Nominal Ca	apacitance (pF)		C > 1000pF	1±0.1kHz	AC1±0.2V(r.m.s.)	
		I.R.	C : Nominal Ca	apacitance (pF)  10,000MΩ or 50MΩ∙μF min.	The insular	C > 1000pF	I	AC1±0.2V(r.m.s.) ured with DC500±50V	
		I.R.				C > 1000pF	ould be meas	ured with DC500±50V	
		I.R.	Between	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min.	(DC250V±	C > 1000pF tion resistance sho 25V in case of rate	ould be meas		
			Between Terminals	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)	(DC250V± min. of cha	C > 1000pF tion resistance sho 25V in case of ratarging.	ould be meas ed voltage : D	ured with DC500±50V C250V) at 25 °C within	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min.	(DC250V± min. of cha	C > 1000pF  tion resistance shi 25V in case of ratarging. itor should not be	ould be meas ed voltage : D damaged who	ured with DC500±50V IC250V) at 25 °C within	
			Between Terminals	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet	C > 1000pF  tion resistance she 25V in case of rate arging. itor should not be tween the termina	ould be meas ed voltage : D damaged who tions for 1 to 9	ured with DC500±50V IC250V) at 25 °C within	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet	C > 1000pF  tion resistance she 25V in case of rate arging. itor should not be tween the termina ischarge current ≤	ould be meas ed voltage : D damaged who tions for 1 to 5 ≦ 50mA.)	ured with DC500±50V IC250V) at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is 5 seconds.	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet	C > 1000pF  tion resistance sha 25V in case of rate arging. itor should not be tween the termina ischarge current ≦  Rated Voltage	ould be meas ed voltage : D  damaged who tions for 1 to 5  ≤ 50mA.)	ured with DC500±50V IC250V) at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is 5 seconds.	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet	C > 1000pF  tion resistance shi 25V in case of ratarging. itor should not be tween the termina ischarge current ≦  Rated Voltage  DC250V	ould be meas ed voltage : D  damaged whetions for 1 to 4  ≤ 50mA.)  Tes  200% of the	ured with DC500±50V IC250V) at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is 5 seconds.	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet	C > 1000pF  tion resistance she 25V in case of rate arging. iter should not be tween the termina ischarge current ≦  Rated Voltage  DC250V  DC630V	ould be meas ed voltage : D  damaged whetions for 1 to 4  ≤ 50mA.)  Tes  200% of the	ured with DC500±50V IC250V) at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is 5 seconds.	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet	C > 1000pF  tion resistance shi 25V in case of ratarging. itor should not be tween the termina ischarge current ≦  Rated Voltage  DC250V	ould be meas ed voltage : D  damaged whitions for 1 to 5  ≤ 50mA.)  Tes  200% of tt  150% of tt	ured with DC500±50V IC250V) at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is 5 seconds.	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between Terminals	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)  No defects or abnormalities.	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet (Charge/Di	C > 1000pF  tion resistance shi 25V in case of ratarging. itor should not be tween the terminal ischarge current ≦  Rated Voltage  DC250V  DC630V  DC1kV	ould be meas ed voltage : D  damaged whetions for 1 to 5  5 50mA.)  Tes  200% of tt  130% of tt	ured with DC500±50V at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is 5 seconds.  It Voltage he rated voltage he rated voltage	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between Terminals	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)	(DC250V± min. of charman of charm	C > 1000pF  tion resistance she 25V in case of rate arging. itor should not be tween the termina ischarge current ≦  Rated Voltage  DC250V  DC630V  DC1kV	ould be meas ed voltage : D  damaged whitions for 1 to 5 ≦ 50mA.)  Tes 200% of tt 150% of tt 130% of tt	ured with DC500±50V at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is seconds.  It Voltage he rated voltage he rated voltage he rated voltage he rated voltage	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between Terminals	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)  No defects or abnormalities.	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet (Charge/Di	C > 1000pF  tion resistance she 25V in case of rate arging. iter should not be tween the termina ischarge current \$\frac{1}{2}\$  Rated Voltage DC250V  DC630V  DC1kV  iter is placed in a so that each terminal content in the content	ould be meas ed voltage : D  damaged whetions for 1 to 9 ≤ 50mA.)  Tes 200% of tt 150% of tt 130% of tt container with	ured with DC500±50V iC250V) at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is 5 seconds.  It Voltage the rated voltage	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between Terminals	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)  No defects or abnormalities.	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet (Charge/Di  The capac diameter s 2mm from	C > 1000pF  tion resistance she 25V in case of rate arging. iter should not be tween the termina ischarge current \$\frac{1}{2}\$  Rated Voltage DC250V DC630V DC1kV  iter is placed in a so that each termina the balls, and voltage and voltage of the control of the	ould be meas ed voltage: D  damaged whitions for 1 to s  5 50mA.)  Tes 200% of tt 150% of tt 130% of tt container with hal, short-circuage in table is	ured with DC500±50V at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is seconds.  It Voltage the rated voltage	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between Terminals	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)  No defects or abnormalities.	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet (Charge/Di  The capac diameter s 2mm from seconds be	C > 1000pF  tion resistance she 25V in case of rate arging. iter should not be tween the terminal ischarge current \$\frac{1}{2}\$  Rated Voltage DC250V DC630V DC1kV  iter is placed in a second to that each terminal the balls, and voltetween capacitor to \$\frac{1}{2}\$	ould be meas ed voltage: D  damaged whe tions for 1 to 5  50mA.)  Tes  200% of tt  150% of tt  130% of tt  container with hal, short-circulage in table is terminals and	ured with DC500±50V at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is seconds.  It Voltage the rated voltage	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between Terminals	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)  No defects or abnormalities.	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet (Charge/Di  The capac diameter s 2mm from seconds be	C > 1000pF  tion resistance she 25V in case of rate arging. iter should not be tween the termina ischarge current \$\frac{1}{2}\$  Rated Voltage DC250V DC630V DC1kV  iter is placed in a so that each termina the balls, and voltage and voltage of the control of the	ould be meas ed voltage: D  damaged whe tions for 1 to 5  50mA.)  Tes  200% of tt  150% of tt  130% of tt  container with hal, short-circulage in table is terminals and	ured with DC500±50V at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is seconds.  It Voltage the rated voltage	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between Terminals	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)  No defects or abnormalities.	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet (Charge/Di  The capac diameter s 2mm from seconds be	C > 1000pF  tion resistance she 25V in case of rate arging. iter should not be tween the terminal ischarge current \$\frac{1}{2}\$  Rated Voltage DC250V DC630V DC1kV  iter is placed in a second to that each terminal the balls, and voltetween capacitor to \$\frac{1}{2}\$	damaged who tions for 1 to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 50mA.)  Tes 200% of th 130% of th 130% of th container with all, short-circulage in table is terminals and \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 50mA.)	ured with DC500±50V iC250V) at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is 5 seconds.  It Voltage the rated voltage	
		Dielectric	Between Terminals Between Terminals	10,000MΩ or 50MΩ•μF min. (Whichever is smaller)  No defects or abnormalities.	(DC250V± min. of cha The capac applied bet (Charge/Di  The capac diameter s 2mm from seconds be	C > 1000pF  tion resistance shazor in case of rate arging. itor should not be tween the terminal ischarge current ≦  Rated Voltage  DC250V  DC630V  DC1kV  itor is placed in a so that each terminal the balls, and volte tween capacitor to ischarge current ≦	damaged who tions for 1 to \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 50mA.)  Tes 200% of th 130% of th 130% of th container with all, short-circulage in table is terminals and \$\frac{1}{2}\$ 50mA.)	ured with DC500±50V iC250V) at 25 °C within en voltage in Table is 5 seconds.  It Voltage he rated voltage he rated voltage he rated voltage he rated voltage in metal balls of 1mm hit is kept approximately s impressed for 1 to 5 metal balls.	

١.	Test	Test Item Specification		Test Method (Compliant Standard:AEC-Q200)				
18	Terminal Tensile		Termination not to be broken or loosened.	As in the figure, fix the capacitor body, apply the force gradually				
	Strength	Strength		to each lead in the radial direction of the capacitor until reaching				
				10N and then keep	the force	e applied for 10±1 sec	onds.	
				<u> </u>				
		Bending	Termination not to be broken or loosened.	Each lead wire should be subjected to a force of 2.5N and then be bent 90° at the point of egress in one direction. Each wire is then returned to the original position and bent 90° in the opposite direction at the rate of one bend per 2 to 3 seconds.				
		Strength						
19	Capacitance		Within the specified Tolerance.	The capacitance change should be measured after 5min. at				
	Temperature		25°C to 125°C : 0±30ppm/°C	each specified temperature step.				
	Characteristics		-55°C to 25°C : 0+30/-72ppm/°C		Step	Temperature(°C)		
					1	25±2		
					2	-55±3		
					3	25±2		
					4	125±3		
					5	25±2		
				*		t is determined using the	•	
				measured in step 3 as a reference. When cycling the temperature				
					•	ough 5 (-55°C to 125°C	•	
				•		within the specified tole		
						I capacitance change a		
				•		culated by dividing the		
						minimum measured v	raiues in the step	
				1, 3 and 5 by the ca	ıpacıtan	ce value in step 3.		

## 6. Packing specification

•Bulk type (Packing style code : B)

The size of packing case and packing way



The number of packing =  $^{*1}$  Packing quantity ×  $^{*2}$  n

\*1 : Please refer to [Part number list].

\*2 : Standard n = 20 (bag)

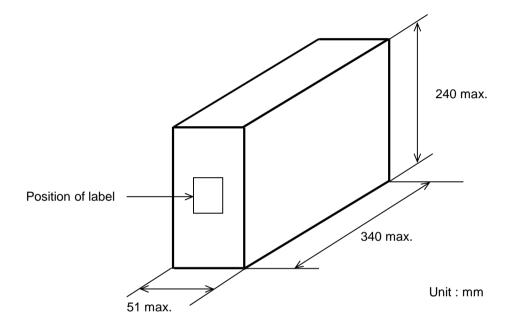
## Note)

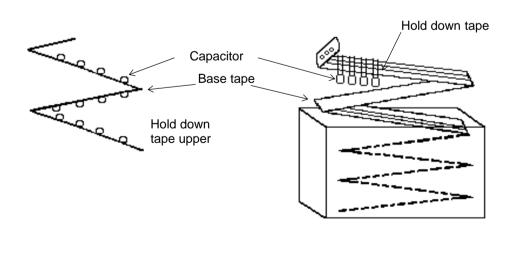
The outer package and the number of outer packing be changed by the order getting amount.

·Ammo pack taping type (Packing style code : A)

A crease is made every 25 pitches, and the tape with capacitors is packed zigzag into a case. When body of the capacitor is piled on other body under it.

The size of packing case and packing way



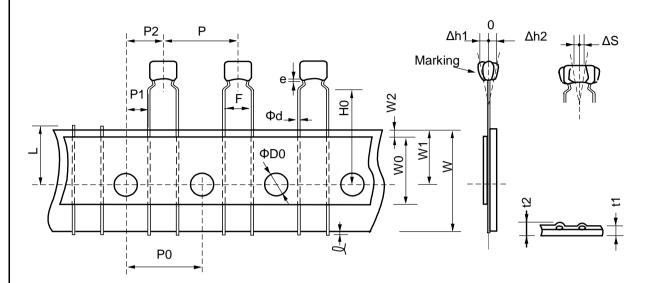


## 7. Taping specification

# 7-1. Dimension of capacitors on tape

Inside crimp taping type < Lead Style : M1 >

Pitch of component 12.7mm / Lead spacing 5.0mm

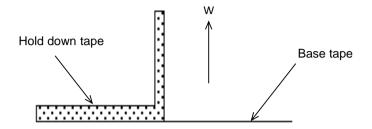


Unit: mm

Item	Code	Dimensions	Remarks
Pitch of component	Р	12.7+/-1.0	
Pitch of sprocket hole	P0	12.7+/-0.2	
Lead spacing	F	5.0+0.6/-0.2	
Length from hole center to component center		6.35+/-1.3	Deviation of progress direction
Length from hole center to lead	P1	3.85+/-0.7	
Deviation along tape, left or right defect	ΔS	0+/-2.0	They include deviation by lead bend
Carrier tape width	W	18.0+/-0.5	
Position of sprocket hole	W1	9.0+0/-0.5	Deviation of tape width direction
Lead distance between reference and bottom plane	H0	16.0+/-0.5	
Protrusion length	l	0.5 max.	
Diameter of sprocket hole	ФD0	4.0+/-0.1	
Lead diameter	Фd	0.5+/-0.05	
Total tape thickness	t1	0.6+/-0.3	They include hold down tape
Total thickness of tape and lead wire	t2	1.5 max.	thickness
Deviation across tape	Δh1	2.0 max. (Di	mension code : W)
Deviation across tape	Δh2	1.0 max. (ex	ccept as above)
Portion to cut in case of defect	L	11.0+0/-1.0	
Hold down tape width	WO	9.5 min.	
Hold down tape position	W2	1.5+/-1.5	
Coating extension on lead	е	Up to the end of	crimp

#### 7-2. Splicing way of tape

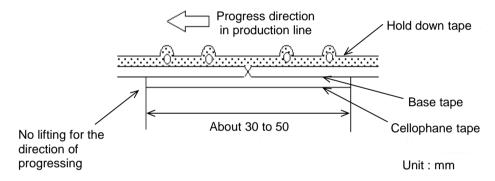
1) Adhesive force of tape is over 3N at test condition as below.



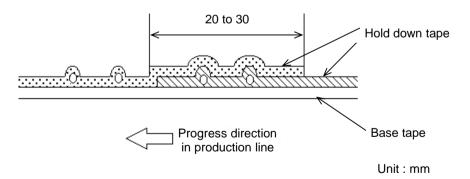
## 2) Splicing of tape

- (a) When base tape is spliced
  - •Base tape shall be spliced by cellophane tape.

(Total tape thickness shall be less than 1.05mm.)



- (b) When hold down tape is spliced
  - •Hold down tape shall be spliced with overlapping. (Total tape thickness shall be less than 1.05mm.)



- (c) When both tape are spliced
  - •Base tape and hold down tape shall be spliced with splicing tape.
- 3) Missing components
  - •There should be no consecutive missing of more than three components.
  - •The number of missing components should be not more than 0.5 % of total components that should be present in a Ammo pack.