

Standard Rectifier Module

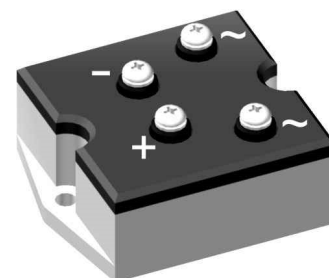
PHASE OUT

1~ Rectifier Bridge

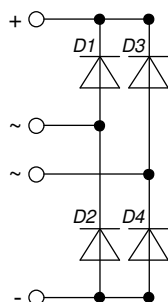
Part number

VBO50-12NO7

1~ Rectifier	
V_{RRM}	= 1200 V
I_{DAV}	= 45 A
I_{FSM}	= 750 A



 E72873



Features / Advantages:

- Package with DCB ceramic
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Planar passivated chips
- Very low forward voltage drop
- Very low leakage current

Applications:

- Diode for main rectification
- For one phase bridge configurations
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- Input rectifiers for PWM inverter
- Battery DC power supplies
- Field supply for DC motors

Package: PWS-B

- Isolation Voltage: 3000 V~
- Industry standard outline
- RoHS compliant
- Easy to mount with two screws
- Base plate: Aluminium internally DCB isolated
- Advanced power cycling

Recommended replacement: VBO72-12NO7

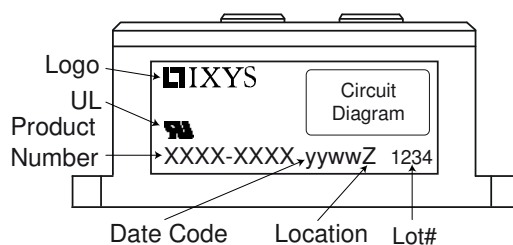
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Rectifier				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
V_{RSM}	max. non-repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				1300	V
V_{RRM}	max. repetitive reverse blocking voltage	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				1200	V
I_R	reverse current	$V_R = 1200\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			100	μA
		$V_R = 1200\text{ V}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.5	mA
V_F	forward voltage drop	$I_F = 20\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.03	V
		$I_F = 40\text{ A}$				1.14	V
		$I_F = 20\text{ A}$	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}$			0.92	V
		$I_F = 40\text{ A}$				1.06	V
I_{DAV}	bridge output current	$T_C = 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ rectangular	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ $d = 0.5$			45	A
V_{F0}	threshold voltage	} for power loss calculation only		$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.76	V
r_F	slope resistance					6.9	m Ω
R_{thJC}	thermal resistance junction to case					2.7	K/W
R_{thCH}	thermal resistance case to heatsink				0.4		K/W
P_{tot}	total power dissipation	$T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$				46	W
I_{FSM}	max. forward surge current	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$			750	A
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			810	A
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			640	A
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			690	A
I^2t	value for fusing	$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$			2.82	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			2.73	kA ² s
		$t = 10\text{ ms}; (50\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$			2.05	kA ² s
		$t = 8,3\text{ ms}; (60\text{ Hz}), \text{ sine}$	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$			1.98	kA ² s
C_J	junction capacitance	$V_R = 400\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$			10		pF

PHASE OUT

Package PWS-B				Ratings			
Symbol	Definition	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_{RMS}	RMS current	per terminal				100	A
T_{VJ}	virtual junction temperature			-40		150	°C
T_{op}	operation temperature			-40		125	°C
T_{stg}	storage temperature			-40		125	°C
Weight					193		g
M_D	mounting torque			4.25		5.75	Nm
M_T	terminal torque			2.5		3.5	Nm
$d_{Spp/Apb}$	creepage distance on surface striking distance through air	terminal to terminal		11.0			mm
$d_{Spp/Apb}$		terminal to backside		7.5			mm
V_{ISOL}	isolation voltage	t = 1 second	50/60 Hz, RMS; $I_{ISOL} \leq 1$ mA	3000			V
		t = 1 minute		2500			V



Ordering	Ordering Number	Marking on Product	Delivery Mode	Quantity	Code No.
Standard	VBO50-12NO7	VBO50-12NO7	Box	10	474002

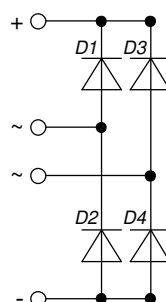
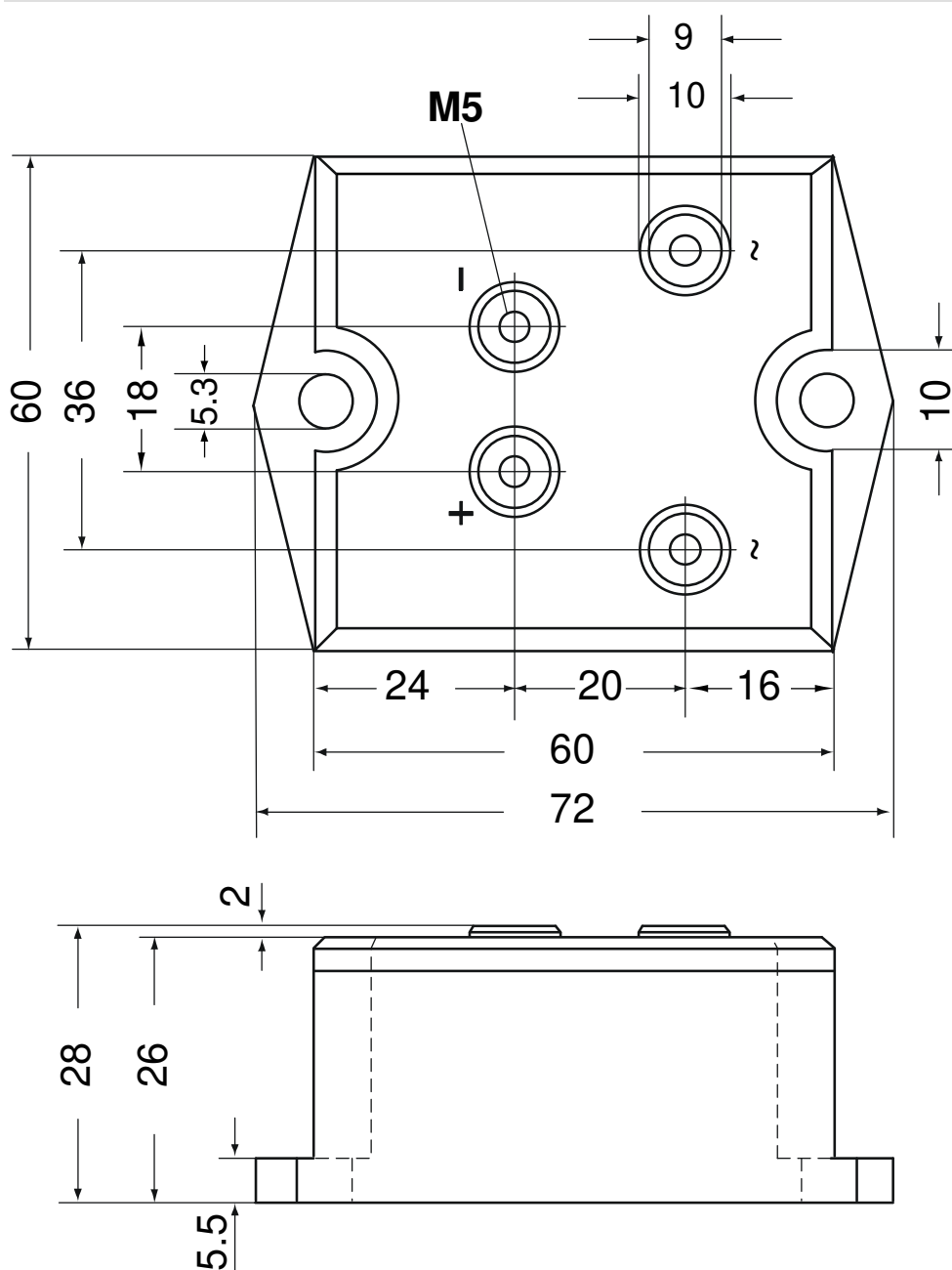
Equivalent Circuits for Simulation

* on die level

$T_{VJ} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$

		Rectifier	
$V_{0\max}$	threshold voltage	0.76	V
$R_{0\max}$	slope resistance *	5.7	mΩ

Outlines PWS-B



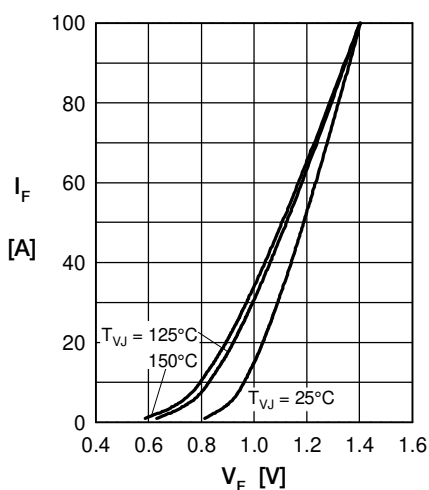
Rectifier


Fig. 1 Forward current vs. voltage drop per diode

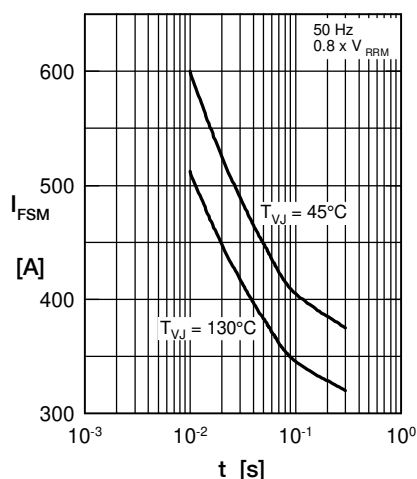


Fig. 2 Surge overload current vs. time per diode

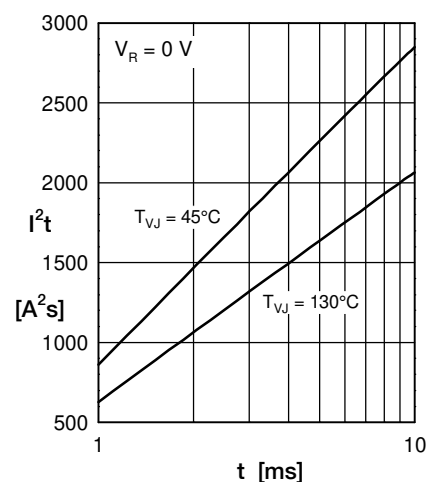


Fig. 3 I^2t vs. time per diode

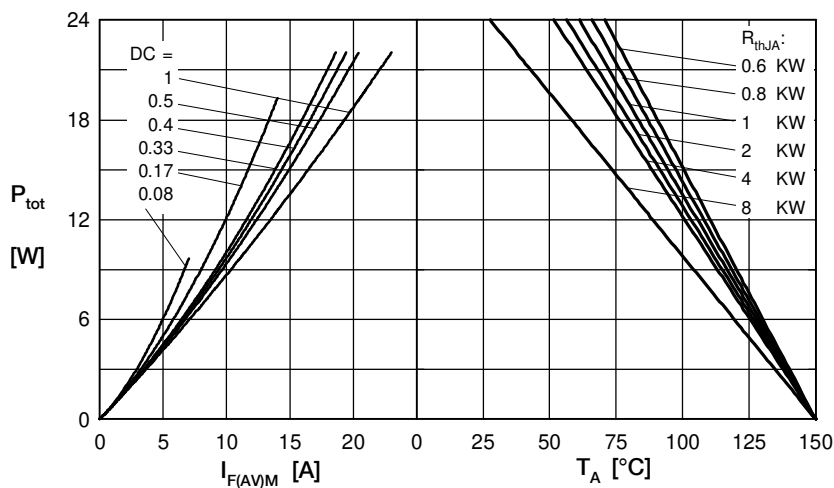


Fig. 4 Power dissipation vs. forward current and ambient temperature per diode

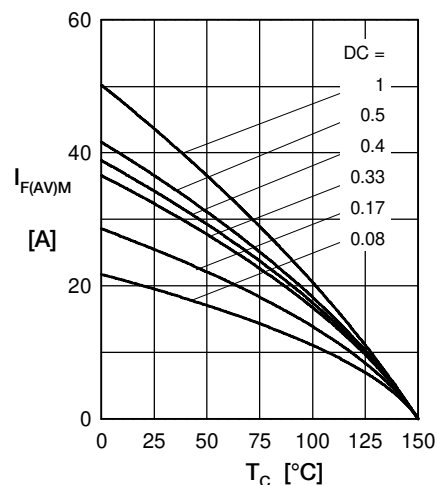


Fig. 5 Max. forward current vs. case temperature per diode

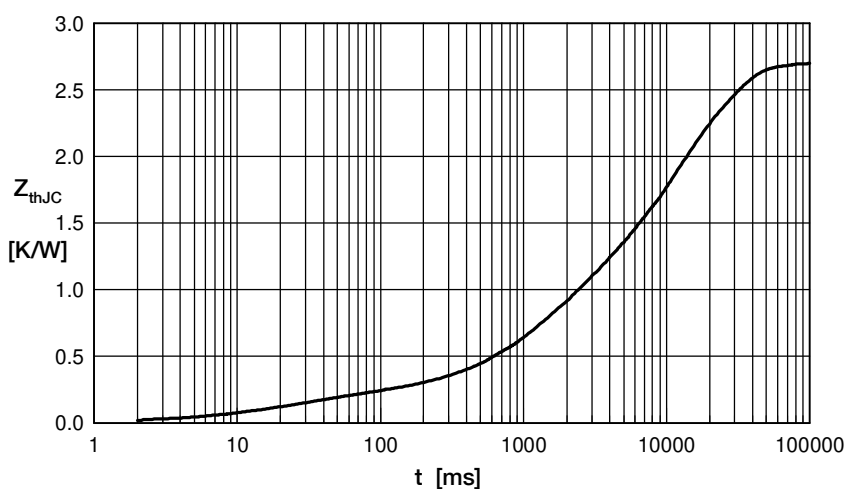


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case vs. time per diode

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{th} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.040	0.010
2	0.150	0.030
3	0.610	1.350
4	1.900	14.00